PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE, ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 54,887.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1909. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

NESTLE'S CONDENSED MILK.
RICHEST IN CREAM
"UNTOUCHED BY HAND."

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
27th Nov.	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10,518
4th Dec.	PERSIA	7951	MOLDAVIA	9950
11th "	SALSETTE	6000		
18th "	EGYPT	7912	MONGOLIA	9905
25th "	SALSETTE	6000		
1910				
1st Jany.	HIMALAYA	6808		
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
15th "	ARABIA	7903		
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10680
29th "	DELHI	8000		
5th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
12th "	INDIA	7911		
19th "	MANTUA	11000		
26th "	CALEDONIA	7588		
5th March.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
12th "	PERSIA	7951		
19th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
26th "	ARCADIA	7903		
2nd April.	EGYPT	7912		
9th "	MACEDONIA	10513		
16th "	ARABIA	7903		
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9905
30th "	MANTUA	11000		
7th May.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	7951		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 and 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER At Special Rates.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by sea	Rs. 548, Rs. 627	Rs. 792 ,, Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE	Booked by all Lines. Continental Railway Tickets procured.
PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA	Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
BERTHS	Carefully selected.
HANDBOOK	With full particulars, sent gratis on application.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES	Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co,
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	Date.
OLYMPIA	6368	A. Tait	21st Dec. 1909.
CHERSONESE	6716	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	7th Jan. 1910.
SONDA	5105	Wm. Kelso	18th Jan. 1910.
CASTALIA	6368	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. 1910.

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	8th Dec. 1909
OLYMPIA	6368	A. Tait	21st Dec. "
CHERSONESE	6716	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	7th Jan. 1910
SONDA	5105	Wm. Kelso	18th Jan. "
CASTALIA	6368	J. Hamilton	1st Feb. "
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	15th " "
OLYMPIA	6368	A. Tait	28th " "
CHERSONESE	6716	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	13th March "
SONDA	5105	Wm. Kelso	25th " "
CASTALIA	6368	J. Hamilton	8th April "
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	22nd " "
OLYMPIA	6368	A. Tait	6th May "
CHERSONESE	6716	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	20th " "
SONDA	5105	Wm. Kelso	3rd June "
CASTALIA	6368	J. Hamilton	17th " "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

The Advertised Rates to Portsaid include a Free Pass between Portsaid and Cairo.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Medical Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by the I. G. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

THE HOME FOR THE AGED

HUGHES TOWN ROAD,
(Near the Station),
SECUNDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed.

The Sisters Feed, Nurse, and Clothe their Poor and attend to all their wants.

☞ The Home is supported entirely by Voluntary Contributions.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Tons.	Route via.
DUMRA	1,695	Thur. 25th Nov. 9 a.m.		Mandvi
LHASA	2,171	Fri. 26th Nov. 6 a. m.		Direct †
LINGA	2,177	Mon. 29th Nov. 11 a. m.		P.D. & G.M.

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka and C. Mandvie.

FOR C. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, will Thursday, 25th Nov. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "AFRICA," 2,027 tons, on Wednesday 24th Nov. calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer sailing on or about the 4th December.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

23rd November, 1909.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnac	25th Nov. 1909
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	23rd Dec. "
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Riquier	20th Jan. 1910
CALEDONIEN	4,130	X.	17th Feb. "
DUMBEA	6,685	R Infat	17th Mar. "
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	Guesnant	14th Apr. "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	12th May "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT

AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
CALEDONIEN	4,130	X	3rd Dec. 1909.
DUMBEA	6,685	Rebufat	31st Dec. "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Agent.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE

(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
R. RUBATTINO	4,380	L. Mancini	15th Dec. 1909.
Duc. BALDUINO	4,380	D. Maganzini	15th Jany. 1910.
R. RUBATTINO	4,380	L. Mancini	15th Feb. 1910.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 900*	Rs. 575	

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 500 Single and Rs. 750 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 828; 2nd Class, Rs. 559. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

REDUCED FARES TO NAPLES, GENOA, VENICE, FROM FEBRUARY, 1910.

The abovementioned fares by steamer D. Balduino and R. Rubattino, will be reduced as follows from February next:—

	Single.	Return.
1st Class, Outside Cabins	Rs. 500	Rs. 750
1st Class, Inside Cabin	Rs. 400	Rs. 600
2nd Class	Rs. 350	Rs. 525

Electric fans and light in every cabin free of charge. The usual comfort will be afforded to passengers.

The fares to New York will be:—1st Class, Rs. 703; and 2nd Class, Rs. 524.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
CAPRI	6,000	F. Dini	17th Dec. 1909.
ISONIA	6,000	G. Baisto	17th Jany 1910
CAPRI	6,000	F. Dini	17th Feb. 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to.....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

D. OLIVA,
Ag. Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

COUTTS & CO., BOMBAY,

ENGAGE PASSAGES BY ALL LINES FREE OF CHARGE,

To EUROPE, AMERICA, AUSTRALIA, AFRICA, CHINA, JAPAN.

SLEEPING CAR & CONTINENTAL TICKETS PROCURED.

PASSAGES	booked well in advance to secure best and desirable berths.
PASSENGERS'	personal requirements looked after.
PASSENGERS	met on arrival and assisted.
PASSENGERS'	Baggage taken over, cleared or shipped.
PASSAGES	by cheap outside vessels advised when offering to registered addresses.

In view of the approaching Passenger season intending Passengers are strongly advised to register their application for Passages with us well in advance to save disappointments, as berths cannot be guaranteed later.

Any information as regards passages, shipping, clearing and forwarding given on application.

COUTTS & CO.,
SHIPPING AND PASSENGER AGENTS,
Post Box 249,
HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in (two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Fares.—Rs. 400 to Rs. 480 according to position of Cabin.

Sailings.	Tonnage.	Leaving Bombay about.
S. S. "Umsinga"	4,500	16th December, 1909.
S. S. "Umzumbi"	.....	16th February, 1910.

For further particulars, apply to,

W. & A. GRAHAM, & Co.,
Bombay.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILLINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

Steamer.	N.R.	Month.	Port.
"Harlesden"	2724	November	Philadelphia
"Haigh Hall"	3069	November	Philadelphia

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy,	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager,

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ...	...Gold	$3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ...	...Gold	$3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington!
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	Singapore.
Hankow.	Empire.	Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4 per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	„ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	„ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jahangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
RATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Re. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

YULE-TIDE
EXHIBIT OF GIFTS
Select your Gifts at
.. MARCKS ..
and the task will become at once an absorbing occupation and a
REAL PLEASURE
whether you do it in person or through the post.
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IS AN
INDIAN PALACE
OF
JEWELLERY PRESENTS
The finest, the most Beautiful and Largest display in Western India.
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WE COMPETE FOR
QUALITY AND STYLE,
NOT PRICE.
MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
Watch and clock Makers, Jewellers, Silversmiths and Opticians.
BOMBAY & POONA.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY.
BILLIARD TABLES AND BILLIARD ACCESSORIES.
BILLIARDS
THE NEW PATENT Automatic BALL RETURNER NOW IN STOCK.
We hold the LARGEST STOCK of BILLIARD TABLES and Accessories, OUT OF LONDON.
Billiard Balls and Cues, our Specialities.
We Supply our No. 1 Design Billiard Table in solid Mahogany, fitted with all the latest improvements, including all accessories and fittings for the Billiard Game only.
Packed Free.
Delivered on Rails for Rs. 1,317.
Price List and Estimates for all designs of Billiard Tables and Accessories Free.
JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD.,
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,
75, Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS.
Have just Received a Consignment of the Famous
SAN PELLEGRINO NATURAL MINERAL WATER.
San Pellegrino Water is an organically pure table water, pleasantly fresh to the palate.
It is most efficacious in the cure of uric acid, gout, gravel and catarrh of the digestive tracts.
50,00,000 bottles were exported in 1908.
Now obtainable at
MONGINI BROTHERS.

Case of 50 large bottles	Rs. 31-12
1 Dozen bottles	Rs. 8-8

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

MILLARS' WESTRALIAN JARRAH WOOD
For Sleepers, Beams, Wharves, Bridges, Railway Carriages and Wagons, Mining and General Engineering purposes, Buildings.
Full particulars and prices on application to
MILLARS' KARRI AND JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD.
Telegraphic Address:—"Jarrah Bombay." Telephone No, 838
Depots at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras Kelar and Karachi.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
ON GOVERNMENT LIST.
Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Metal and Timber Merchants and Contractors.
MANUFACTURERS OF - - -
Bridges, Girders, Roofs and Structural Work of all Kinds, Cast, Wrought and Mild Steel Work of the Heaviest Description, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Conservancy Appliances, Irrigation Requirements, &c., &c.
DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES - - -
furnished on Application.
Hydraulic Rivetting, Steam-hammers and Testing Plant used.
ERECTION OF - - - - - - -
manufactured Work Imported or otherwise, Contracted for in any part of India.
We have of late added to our works some further heavy Machinery to enable us to meet all requirements.
SUPPLIERS OF - - - - - -
Engines and Boilers (Portable and Stationary), Pumps, Galvanized Steel Wire Ropes, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Galvanized Plain and Corrugated Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, &c., in Steel and Iron, Tools, Water-Supply Fittings, Valves, Portland Cement, &c.
GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
OFFICES AND WORKS
Covering over 16,000 Square Yards.
Bellasis Road, Byculla, BOMBAY.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!
WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND
ANTIMALARIC RANA,
INCOMPARABLE SPECIFIC AGAINST MALARIAL FEVERS,
AS A SURE GUARANTEED CURE.
PREPARED
By the Chemist FRANCESCO RANA of BARI (ITALY).
The only preparation of the kind taken in consideration of the recent International Exhibition of Milan, and awarded with a Silver Medal.
Adopted also by the Ministry for foreign affairs for the use of the medical ambulatories attached to the Royal Italian Schools in foreign countries.
It combats rapidly and radically malarial fevers of every kind and in every stage, whether acute, chronic or convalescent and is a first rate preservative for persons who are obliged to live in unhealthy districts.
By its being continually used, even after cure, it becomes an excellent reconstituent of the strength of indisputable efficacy, and exempt from any inconvenience.
It is agreeable to the taste, easy of assimilation, and perfectly tolerated.
Taken as a preservative by persons living in unhealthy places, and as a strengthner, one tablespoonful is sufficient for adults, half for children, and one teaspoonful for little children.
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA:
C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

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ADDRESS:—
KALBADEVI ROAD, near Jambulvadi, BOMBAY.
Telegraphic Address: "PISOKO."

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LD.
Importers of:—
KEROSINE OIL.
PETROL.
LIQUID FUEL.
PARAFIN WAX, &c.
"SILVERLIGHT" CASE OIL 150° — FOR BUNGALOW USE.
"RISING-SUN" KEROSINE — FOR ALL ILLUMINATING PURPOSES.
"SHIP" BRAND KEROSINE — FOR LIGHTING SHOPS.
"COBRA AND SWAN" KEROSINE — FOR OIL ENGINES.
"SHELL" BRAND PETROL — HIGHEST WORKING RESULTS.
LIQUID FUEL — FOR DIESEL OIL ENGINES.
"PESTERINE" — FOR PLAGUE PREVENTION.
THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE.

RE ESTATE OF THE LATE MR. NOWROJEE MANECKJEE WADIA, C.I.E., DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons CLAIMING DEBTS or LIABILITIES affecting the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about the 21st day of July, 1909, and Probate of whose last Will and Testament with three Codicils thereto having effect throughout the Province of Bombay, has been granted on the 8th day of November, 1909, to our clients Sir JAMSETJEE JEEJEEBHOY, Baronet, and Messrs. H. A. WADYA, JEEJEEBHOY M. WADIA, M. R. VAGIFDAR and F. R. WADIA, the Executors named in the said Codicils, are hereby required to send in their claims to the Undersigned as Attorneys to the said Executors, at our office in the Oriental Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within one Calendar month, from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said Executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.—Dated this 20th day of November, 1909.

WADIA GHANDY & CO.,
Attorneys for the Executors
of the said Deceased.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

MUNICIPAL HALALKHOR SERVICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and AFTER THE 1ST DAY OF MARCH, 1910, MUNICIPAL HALALKHOR SERVICE WILL NOT BE RENDERED at buildings, which are properly provided with Water closets connected by drains with the Municipal Sewers, except on payment being made monthly in advance by the owners or occupiers of such buildings, of the cost of such special Municipal Halalkhor Service (if any), as they may respectively desire to have rendered at such buildings. The terms on which such special Municipal Halalkhor Service can be engaged may be ascertained on Enquiry at the Office of the Executive Health Officer, at the Municipal Office.

The Public Municipal Halalkhor Service will be continued as heretofore to buildings not provided with water closets as aforesaid.

W. D. SHEPPARD,
Municipal Commissioner,
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 22nd November, 1909.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the POWER of ATTORNEY granted by me to Mr. NOWROJI ADARJI PATA and Mr. JAMSETJI SHERIAR-JI KAPADIA, of date the 20th May, 1909, to act for me in Bombay during my absence in England, has been CANCELLED, on my return to Bombay on the 19th November, 1909.

KAWASJI DADABHOY DUBASH.

THE GOCULDAS TEJPAL BOARDING SCHOOL.

THE Undersigned invites applications for FREE BOARDERSHIPS of the above Institution. The said Boarderships are open to all high caste Hindu (College) Students.

Applications will be received upto the 20th December, 1909. For forms of application, etc., apply with postage to—

HIRALAL R. MUNIM,
Secretary,
G. T. CHARITIES.

Gwalia Tank Road, Bombay,
15th November, 1909.

BENGAL NAGPUR RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of "Stores and Stationery" to the Bengal Nagpur Railway for the Official year ending 31st March 1911.

Applications for Forms of Tender, accompanied by a remittance of Rs. 2 for each form should be made to the Chief Storekeeper at the Garden Reach General Offices, Calcutta. Forms will be supplied immediately they are received from the Press. The details and conditions of Tender are fully set forth in the "Forms of Tender."

Tenders must be submitted in the special covers which will be supplied with each tender form and sent to the Agent's Office at Garden Reach Road. (Tenders delivered at the City Offices in Dalhousie Square will not be considered).

All tenders will be opened at noon on Wednesday the 5th January 1910 in the Agent's Office, Garden Reach Road.

Special terms of freight over the East Indian, Great Indian Peninsula and Bengal Nagpur Railways will be communicated to intending Tenderers by the undersigned on application.

Notification of acceptance or rejection of tenders will be made by on or about the 23rd February, 1910.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Agent,
D. B. CRITCHLEY,
Chief Storekeeper.

Calcutta, 17th November 1909.

RAILWAY BOARD.

TIMBER SLEEPERS.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of one lakh SLEEPERS for the use of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, the total number to be delivered by the 15th March 1910 at latest.

The sleepers should be nine feet six inches long ten inches wide, and five inches thick.

Tenders will be considered for any of the following descriptions of timber :—

Indian Sal—Deodar or Burmese Pynkado. Western Australian—Hill-Grown Jarrah. New South Wales—Mixed Harwoods. Tasmanian—Mixed Harwoods. Queensland—Mixed Harwoods. Java Teak.	Varieties and their percentages to be clearly specified.

Parties tendering are requested to state the number of sleepers offered of each kind of timber (when more than one kind is offered), and to quote rate for each kind as well as the average rate. Tenders may be submitted for the whole or any portion of the quantity required.

The Australian, Tasmanian, and Java Teak sleepers are to be Government inspected and marked true to name at the cost of the suppliers the price quoted should include delivery F. O. R. Calcutta.

Burmese Pynkado sleepers will be inspected and passed by an Engineer Officer of the Burma Railways before shipment and the price quoted should include delivery F. O. R. Calcutta. Sal and Deodar will be inspected and passed at any Railway Station, and the prices quoted must include cost of spreading for inspection and delivery into trucks at these stations, after having been passed by an Officer of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway. The Railway stations at which the sleepers are to be delivered and the quantities to be delivered at each station should be definitely stated in the tender.

Tenders should be filled in and submitted to the Secretary, Railway Board, at Calcutta, by noon on WEDNESDAY, the 15th December, 1909. The cover should be endorsed on the outside with the sender's NAME and ADDRESS and should be SUPERSCRIBED IN RED INK "Tenders for sleepers required by the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway." Unless so superscribed they are liable to be returned without consideration.

Forms of tender and specification can be had from the Engineer-in-Chief, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, Lucknow, on payment of a fee of Rs. 100 which will be refunded on the order of the Railway Board to unsuccessful tenderers as soon as can be arranged after disposal of the tenders provided a BONA FIDE tender is submitted, while to successful tenderers the same will be refunded as soon as the contract agreements have been duly executed by them.

No earnest money or security should be sent WITH THE TENDERS.

The Railway Board are not bound to accept the lowest or any tender and the whole or any part of a tender may be accepted or rejected.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

Calcutta, the 17th November 1909.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY, By James' Douglas, Esq., Appr Box No. 408, c/o. Bombay Gazette" Office

AMUSEMENTS.

THE
EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT.
THEIR MAJESTIES THE KING AND QUEEN AT KNOWSLEY
THREE SHOWS NIGHTLY,
7 to 8. 8-30 to 9-30. 10 to 11 P. M.

SATURDAY, LATE SHOW,
11-15 to 12-15 P.M.
NOTE OUR NEW LOCATION.
Next Municipal Buildings, Bori Bunder.

SKATING RINK.

PRACTICE SESSION, 8 to 9 A.M.
Admission and Skates, 8 annas.

GENERAL SKATING, 6 to 8 P. M.
Admission and Skates, One Rupee.

GENERAL SKATING, 9-30 to 11-30 P.M.
BAND in attendance.
Admission, One Rupee.
Skates, One Rupee.

MOTOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements in this Column, not exceeding one inch, will be inserted on payment of Re. 1 per insertion. "Pro rata" for extra space occupied. Replies will be sent to all Advertisers Free.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.

Beg to inform the Public that they have the following SECOND-HAND CARS FOR SALE :—

	Rs.
DARRACQ.—12 H.P., 5 seats	3,000
De DION.—6 H.P., 3 seats...	1,000
Do. —8 H.P., 4 seats	2,600
WOLSELEY.—8 H.P., 4 seats	1,700
Do. —12-14 H.P., 7 seats...	For offers.
ORLEANS.—15 H.P., 5 seats	3,400
HORBICK.—12-16 H.P., 4 seats	3,500
PANHARD.—15 H.P., 5 seats	3,400
BIANCHI.—25-30 H.P., 5 seats	5,000
De. DION.—9 H.P., 4 seats...	2,100
REO—18 H.P., 5 seats	For offers.
BEAUFORT—8 H.P., 3 seats	2,100

All above Cars complete with hood, lamps, etc.

WANTED Two Small Run-about Cars.

They will also undertake REPAIRS to any type of Cars, and have fitted up a workshop with the best modern Machinery for that purpose.

Training of men as chauffeurs a speciality.

CARS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.,
1 BRITISH HOTEL LANE, APOLLO STREET.
(Opposite Lipton's).

"HOT WEATHER SUITINGS."

Best china silk suit, from Rs. 20, 22 8 and 25.
Mercerised Tussore " " Rs. 11-8, 12-8 and 15.
F. Holland " " Rs. 11 and 12.
Best white English drill suit, from Rs. 6.
" " " Trouser, Rs. 2-8.
" " Ram Ram Twill shirts, Rs. 8 for ½ dozen.
" " Striped Pajama suits, from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 3.

Patterns self-measurement.
A trial is solicited.

THE NEW BOMBAY TAILORING CO.,
115, Hornby Road,
Opposite York Building, FORT.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS

BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lenses will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

"SPECIAL SHORT"

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "REARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

AN INVITATION.—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners serve till late hours.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—Will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW OR OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED by Supervisor with experience in P. W. D. and Railways. Apply to W. G., care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by Eighths from 1s. 3⅛d. to 1s. 4⅜d. Also Intermediate Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Discount—Values—Due Dates. Price Re. 1. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty upper-storied HOUSE, at Bangalore, with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having cane-boxes arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 568, care of the Bombay Gazette.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. R. Parekh Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. R. H. Rs. 1. Apply Box No. 401, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 1 must be paid in advance.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete resume of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available, 3 annas each up to 12 months old ; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

RAILWAY GUIDE.—Copies of the Indian Travellers' Railway Guide, with coloured Railway Map, duly corrected, are issued on the 1st of each month and may be had at Messrs. Wheeler and Co.'s Bookstalls on the principal Railway Station Platforms or at the "Bombay Gazette" Office Price 8 annas.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDASGOCULDASTEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand ; and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the Office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12A., Mirzon Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street Fort behind the Bank of Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorus. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10, Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED.—An ACCOUNTANT, with knowledge of Book-keeping for a Commercial firm, in Calcutta. Experienced man should only apply stating Salary to Box No. 2660, care of this paper.

WANTED.—A GENERAL MANAGER for the Ganesh Flour Mills Company, Ld., of Delhi. Applicants must have experience of Wheat Milling concerns. A good salary can be given to a really good man. State your terms and apply to 44 J NARAIN, Barristers-at-Law, and Chairman of the Board of Directors, Delhi. Applications will be considered on 8th December, 1909.

WANTED.—A HINDU WORKING PARTNER, upto Rs. 10,000, for a most reliable safe and a lucrative cash business in Bombay. Apply to Box, No. 2649, care of this paper.

WANTED.—HEAD BUTLER of Mess, Pay Rs. 25 applications with copies of chits to be sent to Mess SECRETARY 109th Infantry, Santa Cruz, Bombay.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS ? with LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

A BROKEN-DOWN SYSTEM.

This is a condition (or disease) to which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand. It is simply weakness—break-down, as it were, of the vital forces that sustain the system. No matter what may be its causes (for they are almost numberless), its symptoms are much the same ; the more prominent being sleeplessness, sense of prostration or weariness, depression of spirits and want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life. Now, what alone is absolutely essential in all such cases is *increased vitality*—vigour—

VITAL STRENGTH & ENERGY

to throw off these morbid feelings, and experience proves that as might succeeds the day this may be more certainly secured by a course of

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION No. 3

that by any other known combination. So surely as it is taken in accordance with the directions accompanying it, will the shattered health be restored,

THE EXPIRING LAMP OF LIFE LIGHTED UP AFRESH,

and a new existence imparted in place of what had so lately been worn-out, used up, and valueless. This remedy and medicament is suitable for all ages, constitutions and conditions, in either sex ; and it is difficult to imagine a case of disease or derangement whose worst features are those of debility, that will not be speedily and permanently overcome by this recuperative essence, which is destined to cast into oblivion everything that had preceded it for this wide-spread and numerous class of human ailments.

THERAPION is now also obtainable in Powder (TASTELESS) FORM.

SOLD BY THEACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 23, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES at Rope Walk Lane, Fort.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 24th November, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagees, Messrs. Tata Sons & Co., and on account and risk of the mortgagors, Mr. Pestonji Framji Talati and others the following very valuable landed property.

Firstly, All that piece or parcel of land with the messuages, tenements and dwellinghouse standing thereon and bounded on the East in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay facing the said Rope Walk Lane, on the East property secondly described and on the South by the property of Maneckbai and Motlibai, executrices of Jehangir N. Wadia, on the West by the said Rope Walk Lane, on the North by the gully belonging to the mortgagors and the property secondly described and on the South by the properties of Bamanjee Jijibhoy and Maneckbai and Motlibai assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward A, Ward No. 1178, Street No. 5, Rope Walk Lane and registered in the Collector's books under Old No. 36-36, New No. 4876, Old Survey No. 1503, New Survey No. 9496.

Secondly, All that piece or parcel of land with the messuages, tenements and dwellinghouses standing thereon, situate at Rope Walk Lane in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay facing Rope Walk Lane, on the East side thereof, and bounded on the East by the property of Jerbai, daughter of Dhanjibhoy Framjee, on the West by Rope Walk Lane, on the North by a gully of the mortgagors and the Jewish Synagogue and on the South by a gully and beyond that by the property firstly described, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward A Ward No. 1179, Street No. 79, Rope Walk Street registered under Collector's Old No. 35-35, New No. 4876 and Old Survey No. 1503 and New Survey No. 9496 and the said firstly and secondly described properties are together admeasuring four hundred and thirty-seven square yards.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker Kunga and Girdharlal, attorneys for the mortgagee or to the Undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Jiji House", Hornby Road, Fort, opposite the Freemason Hall, and next to the New Novelty Theatre, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood artistic design household furniture, by Dewji Canji and Breslauer and others, rich glass and crockery ware, best plateware, large sliding dining table, chairs, sideboard and chiffoniers, drawingroom sofas and chairs, drawingroom cabinets, glass door almyrahs, large bronze figures for electric light, silk lined chesterfield sofa, one handsome sweet-toned church organ by S. Rose and Co., musical box, dressing and washhand tables, iron bedsteads, Hinks, Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, ice box, rich Persian and Brussel's carpets, etc., etc., the property of a gentleman.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 hand-some strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in very good order.
1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

AUCTION SALE of the property belonging to the Trikamdas Mill Co. Ltd. (in Liquidation),

Sale of the Mill premises, Engines, Boilers, Machinery, plants, etc.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Official Liquidator and pursuant to the authority in that behalf granted to him by an order of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay and with the concurrence of and in consultation with the Mortgagee Rajah Bahadur Shivlal Motilal, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on MONDAY the 29th November at 5 o'clock (S. T.) put up the above mill premises and property for sale by Public Auction at the office of the Company, Oriental Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort.

The property to be sold comprises the following :—

Ten pieces of forest freehold land admeasuring 37,627 square yds. or thereabouts situate at Ferguson Road, Worli, the Mill-buildings, engines, and boiler house, with out-buildings erected and standing on the said pieces of land, and cotton in process of manufacture on the machinery of the Mill.

One horizontal compound condensing 1,600 H. P. Steam Engine, 4 Steam Boilers, Donkey pumps with the Mill gearing attached to the engine.

Machines and fittings in the Machanic shop.
Machinery in the Blow room.
Machinery in the Spinning Department.
Machinery in the Carding Department.
Presses and Machinery in the Baling Department.

Accessories as follows :—Bale breaking machine, grinding apparatus, wrapping tackles, bunding, Machines and other scales, bobbins, skewers, beltings, etc., etc., and electric light and sprinkle instalments

The Mill works 45,408 spindles out of which 29,256 are mules and 16,152 ring spindles

For further particulars and conditions of sale application to be made either to Messrs. Payne & Co, Attorneys to the Official Liquidator at their office, Esplanade Road or to R. D. Sethna, Esqr, Official Liquidator at the High Court Building or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable Properties at Love Lane and Nesbit Road, Mazagoan.

Under instructions from Messrs Payne and Company, Solicitors, for H. H. Sir Sultan Mahomedshah Agakhan, G.C.I.E., the undermentioned properties situate at Mazagon, Bombay, will be put up for sale by Public Auction, at the premises, in Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 10th of December, 1909, at the times specified against the respective lots.

Lot No. 1 at 4-30 p.m.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate at Love Lane, Mazagon, containing by admeasurement 10999 square yards or thereabouts assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 16245, New Survey No. 3684, Old Survey No 655 and bounded as follows :—i. e., on or towards the north partly by the Love Lane and partly by the property belonging the Strangers Friend Society Home, on or towards the South by the property of Aminul-Tajar Malek, on or towards the east by the property belonging to the trustees of the Nasserwanji Manoherji Paeday's charities, and on the west partly by the property of H. H. Sir Sultan Mahomedshah Agakhan, C.C.I.E., and partly by lot No. 3.

Lot No. 2 at 5 p.m.

All that pieces or parcel of land or ground with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate at Love Lane cross lane, in Bombay, containing by admeasurement 8739 square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. B-16261, New Survey No 1/3678, Old Survey No. 659, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the north partly by the property of Maji Esak, and partly by the property of Captain Ahmed Baker, on or towards the south by the property of Bai Vizbaiji, widow of Dinshaw Jehangir Burzey, on or towards the east by the property of H. H. Sir Sultan Mahomedshah Agakhan, G. C. I. E., and on or towards the West partly by the said Love Lane Cross-Lane, and partly by the property of Meghji Valabhdas.

On SATURDAY, the 11th December, 1909,

at 4-30 p. m.

Lot No. 3.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the buildings hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate at Nesbit Road Mazagon, Bombay, containing by admeasurement 11106 sq. yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 16263, New Survey No. 3642, Old survey No. 645, and bounded on or towards the north by the property of H. H. Sir Sultan Mohomedshah Agakhan, G. C. I. E., on or towards the south by the said Nesbit Road, on or towards the east partly by lot No. 1, and partly by the property of Aminat Tajarand Malek, on or towards the west by the property of H.H. Sir Sultan Mahomedshah Agakhan, G.C.I.E.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Payne and Company, Solicitors, at their office No. 18, Esplanade, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES at Janjikar Street and Sdrang Street or Bhoosari Mohola.

Under instructions from Messrs. Heptoolahhai Abdulall and Alibhai Moola Jeewanjee, the Executors and Trustees of the last Will and codicil of Hussen Ali Moola Adamjee and pursuant to the secretal order of reference, dated the 24th July, 1909, made by the High Court, in Suit No 334 of 1909. (Heptoolahhai Abdul alli vs. Shaikh Sharaf Ali Mamujee), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on THURSDAY, the 16th proximo, at 4-30 p.m., sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following valuable landed properties :—

All that pieces or parcel of Farzandari land or ground with the messuage, tenement or range of Buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the north sides of Janjikar Street leading to Goolam Mohidin Dewjee Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement 75 3-9 square yards, be the same, a little more or less, and bounded on or towards the east by the property of Canjee Herjee, on or towards the west by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the north by the property of Essabeebee, widow, and on towards the south by the said Janjikar Street, and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward No. 543, and Street Nos. 154-62, and are in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

On FRIDAY, the 17th proximo at 4-30 p.m., on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of Farzandari land or ground together with messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate lying and being in the west side of Sarang Street or Bhoosari Mohalla without the Fort Bombay, in the Registration Sub District of Bombay, containg by admeasurement 753 7/9 square yards, be the same, a little more or less, and bounded as follows—that is to say, on or towards the east by the Sarang Street, on ortowards the west by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the nort by the property of Tyaballi Malabari, and on or towards the south by the property of Ayubhoy Tyaballi and assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Street Nos. 166-168, and Ward No. 139, and which premises are in the the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Thakordass and Co. Solicitors to the Trustees or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 24th November, 1909.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21 MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT WORLEE, near Clive Land Bunder.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 40 of 1908.
Ritta Esperanca Galbao.
v/s.
Antonio Mariani Gomes.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Mr. W. J. Howard, the Special Commissioner and Receiver, appointed by a Decree of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, dated the 14th day of April 1908, made in the above Suit, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immoveable property THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of November, 1909, at the hour of 4-30 p. m. (S. T.) on the premises :—

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land, situate at Worlee, containing by admeasurement 300 square yards or thereabouts, with a dwelling-house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward G. No. 448 (1), Street No. 8.

For further part culars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Shums A. Tyabji, Attorney for the Special Commissioner and Receiver at his office at 2, Meadows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE of old Indian blackwood carved and English mahogany furniture, Chinese furniture chandeliers, Aganad old Chinese and Persian Porcelain, Old Venetian glass ware, etc., at the bungalow known as Esmail Rabib's bungalow at Love Lane, Byculla.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay,
O. C. J.
Suit No. 439 of 1907.
Maroon Tar Mahomed..... Plaintiff
vs.
Messs Haji Joonus and others.....Defendants

Under instructions from the Receiver, Mr. Haji Esmail Goolmahmud, appointed under a consent decretal order of reference in the above suit, bearing date the 27th day of February, 1908, and pursuant to the directions contained in the said decretal order of reference as also in order dated the 8th day of March 1909, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, ON SATURDAY the 27th day of November 1909, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the Bungalow at Love Lane, Byculla, the furniture belonging to the parties of the above suit, consisting of old Indian blackwood carved sofas, chairs, easy chairs, tables, teapoys, marble top pier tables, glass door cupboards, bedsteads, chest-of-drawers, ottoman marble top round tables, one black marble top round table, English gold gilt glass door cabinets, marble top console, mirror back cabinets, chest-of-drawers, marble top dressing table, one set Chinese table with stools, inlaid with marble top, one English organ, enclosed in a large mahogany case with front and side mirror doors, one folding bagetelle table, gilt framed mirrors, three, four, eight twelve and sixteen lights, chandeliers, Argand lamps, globe lamps, one two and three lights wall shades, old Chinese lacered and gold decorated writing case, one red lacquered and gold decorated Chinese trunk, old lacquered and inlaid escritoire, teapoys, chair, old chinese and Persian bowls, plates, Koojas, Indian Aindhi inlaid works, old Venetian gold decorated glassware inclinding one punch bowl, set complete with glass and trays, a lot of chandelier, and lamp fittings, old copper utensils, plateware, crockery ware, glassware.

On account and at the risk of the concerned—

1 slightly used English brougham, by Morgan, double-seated, square fronted, with glass front, C. spring and rubber tyres.

The goods will be on view 3 days previous to sale.

Catalogues may be obtained from the sale premises or from the office of the Auctioneers.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALIST in Erecting Buildings and Chawls.

AUCTION SALE OF A VACANT PIECE OF LAND, situate at De Lisle Road, Parel, out of Fost, Bombay.

Under instructions from the owner, Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co., Auctioneers, will on SUNDAY, the 5th day of December, 1909 sell by Public Auction at the hour of 4-30 o'clock (Standard Time), in the afternoon the undermentioned immovable property on the premises.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras Freehold land or ground situate at the face of the Public Road of De Lisle Road, without the Fort in the Registration Subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1000 Square Yards, bearing Collector's New Survey No. 2947, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the East by the said Public Road, on or towards the west by the property of Wadia Mill, on or towards the north by the property of Bezonji Ignair, and on or towards the South by the property of Anton Manvel Louis.

For farther particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 24th November, 1909.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS, GRAIN SWEEPINGS, &c.

Under instructions from the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company, and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways' Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 24th November, 1909, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Depot at Carnac Bridge :—

A number of unclaimed bags of grain and seeds and quantity of sweepings, &c., &c.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 24th November, 1909.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY,
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary, Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW.
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. R. H. Rs. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other unfranchised Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply The BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,250,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE-HOLDERS	£ 625,000
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 250,000

HEAD OFFICE :
60, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.
LONDON BANKERS :
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
BOMBAY, KARRACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch, HOWRAH (Calcutta), MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE ORIENT BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

CAPITAL .....Rs. 25,00,000
HEAD OFFICE :—LAHORE.

BRANCHES :—Bombay and Lyallpur.

LONDON Bankers :—Parrs Banks Ltd.

AGENCIES :—London, Constantinople, Cairo and in all the Principal towns in India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened free of charge and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for long and short periods at rates varying from 3 to 6 per cent. per annum, according to the length of the period for which money may be deposited. Currency Notes of any circle and cheques on any town in India are received free of charge in this account.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS are opened with Rs. 10, and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum, except at Bombay where it is 4 per cent. per annum.

ADVANCES made on approved securities.

RULES of Business may be had on application at the Head Office or at any of the Branch Offices.

AHMAD HASSAN,
Barrister-at-Law,
Managing Director.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) .....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) .....Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE : SIMLA.

BRANCHES :
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa

CORRESPONDENTS :
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 1, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE of right, title, interest in Valuable Inc ded properties at Princess Street, Kalbadevi Road,
In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay,
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 786 of 1909.

The firm of Lalji Thakersey and Co. ... ... Plaintiffs.
vs.
Tricumdas Dwarkadas and Ors. ... ... Defendants.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of November, 1909 at 4-30 p. m. and 5 p. m. (S.T.) respectively, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will, under the instructions of R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Receiver appointed by an Order, dated 31st day of August, 1909, in the above suit put up for sale by Public Auction at the office of the said Receiver on the ground floor of the High Court Building, the right, title and interest of the late Mr. Dwarkadas Dharamsey in the properties hereunder more fully described.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTIES.

To be sold at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.)

(a) All that piece of land situate on the North side of the Princess Street on the Princess Street Estate of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay in the city and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay with all the structures standing thereon which piece of land has been computed to contain a total area of one thousand and three square yards or thereabouts and which is bounded on the north and east by the Colebhat Lane, on the south by Princess Street aforesaid and on the West by a passage which said piece of land is known as plot No. 29 Princess Street on the Princess Street Estate of the said Trustees and which said piece of land forms a portion of the lands belonging to the said Trustees and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 70 to 75 and 66 to 68 and are assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 3007 to 3018 and 2721, 2725 to 2727, 1729 to 1801 Street No. nil.

To be sold at 5 p. m. (S.T.)

(b) All that piece of land situate on the East side of the Princess Street on the Princess Street Estate of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay in the city and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay with all the structures standing thereon which piece of land has been computed to contain a total area of eight hundred square yards or thereabouts and which is bounded on the North by the Princess Street aforesaid, on the East by a passage and on the South and West by Lohar Chawl Street which said piece of land is known as plot No. 48, Princess Street on the Princess Street Estate of the said Trustees and which said piece of land forms a portion of the land belonging to the said Trustees and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 1669-1770 to 1773 and are assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 995 to 1005, 1114 Street No. nil.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Attorneys for the Receiver at their office, 11, Hornby Road or to the undersigned.

BONA FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Administrator General, Bombay, Messrs. Crawford & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on Saturday, the 27th Inst., at 3 p. m. (S.T.) at "Bode Lodge," Mahim Bazar Road, opposite Jamli Tank, the effects of the late Mr. G. S. Drayton, consisting of household furniture, revolver, wearing apparels, rubber-tyred pony cart with hood, strong showy pony, harness, dogs, garden plants, in tubs and pots, etc.

The property will be on view 2 days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 28th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Raj Mahal Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, just near Messrs. Kemp and Co's establishment, the valuable and handsome teak and blackwood dining-room, drawing-room, office and bedroom furniture, also carved furniture such as screw telescopic dining-table and chairs, sideboard, dumbwaiter, carved partition screen, drawingroom suit of sofas and chairs, Chesterfield easy chairs, cabinets, ladies' writing-tables, single and double iron bedsteads, single and double almyras, clothes press marble topped dressing and washhand tables, marble topped tables, and teapoys, Persian and Brussles carpets, tennis, cricket and polo games, bead screens, musical box, rich crockery ware and glassware, best plateдware, first rate mahogany full size slate billiard table with balls, cues, etc., table ornaments, Jardiniers, windproof lamps, Bungalow piano by Rose and Co. English ice box, washing machine, engravings, rubber-tyred victoria, Arab Horse with harness, etc., the property of Osborn Marshall, Esq. and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT GHATCOPER.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay,
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 786 of 1909.

The Firm of Lalji Thakersey and Co....Plaintiffs,
vs.
Tricumdas Dwarkadas and Co.....Defendants

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Official Assignee of the estate of Cursondas Permanand and Shamji Permanand, trading in the name of Permanand Narsey and with the consent of R. D. Sethna, Esq., Receiver in Suit No. 786 of 1909, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will put up for sale by Public Auction at their Rooms at No. 7, Marine Street, within the Fort of Bombay, the immoveable property hereunder described on FRIDAY, the 3rd day of December, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.):—

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground situate in the Village of Kerole in the District of Bombay in the Taluka of Salsette, Zilla Thana, in the Registration Sub-District of Thana, containing by admeasurement 1 Acre and 1816 Gunthas, assessed under Survey No. 76 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the Public Road leading to Ghatcoper station, on or towards the west by the Tansa water District, on or towards the north by the passage lying between this land and properties of Moti Ramji and Peerozsha Jamsetji Commissariatwala, and on or towards the south by another portion of land bearing the said Survey No. 76 and belonging to Mr.

For further particulars and condition of sale apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Attorneys for the vendor or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS.

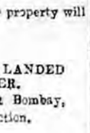
Under instructions from the Administrator General of Bombay, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 7th December, 1909, at 2-30 p.m (S.T.), at their Rooms, in Fort, the effects of the late Pitamber Tejpal, such as gold and silver ornaments, gold hand ornaments, todas, Buttmogras, bangles, kadas, neck ornaments, jarmer, kajuis, medallias, mangalsootras, dors, mohammala, chain, sati, vajratik, ear ornaments, thoras, studs, kap, moogries, nose ornaments, nath, head ornaments, finger rings, silver ornaments, waist chain kandora, anklets, Kudas, armlets, vels, bangles, toe-rings, buttons, &c., and metal watches.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 22th November, 1909.

Clean Cool Comfort for the Skin.



Nature's secret for a clean healthy skin is ICILMA NATURAL WATER—this wonderful water contains an absolutely new principle that does away with the necessity for greasy or starchy skin foods, glycerine, herbs or essences. The Icilma principle is to so cleanse and stimulate the natural energy of the skin that this is able to resist bear cold or age.

Icilma

(pronounced—ese-silma).

All Icilma Toilet preparations are made with Icilma Natural Water and for giving tone and transparency to the skin, preventing and curing irritations from cold, wind, heat or insect bites, and after shaving they are supreme. Nothing else known will give the same clean cool comfort, healthy transparency and velvety softness as Icilma.

ICILMA NATURAL WATER.
ICILMA FLUOR CREAM.
ICILMA SOAP. ICILMINE
Of all good Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA CO., Ld., London, E.C., England.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, 22ND NOV. 09.] [BOMBAY, 23RD NOV. 09.

FINANCIAL.

		Rates.	Plus.	Minus
2½ per cent. Consols		83 5/8		1-16
2½ do. Rentes		99		unchgd
2½ do. Sterling Loan		87 11/16	2-16	
3½ do. Govt Securities		82 11/16		unchgd
Bar Silver in London		23 3/8		unchgd
do. do. 3 months' hence		23 7/16		unchgd
Silver in New York		50 3 4		unchgd
Sovereigns on London at Paris		25 20 1/2		unchgd
do. do. do. Berlin		20 46 1/2		unchgd
do. do. do. New York		4 87 3/8		1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate		5 per cent	Since 21st Oct.	
do Short London Bills		4		1-8
3 months' sight				
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight		3 3/4		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills		4 5/8		1-4
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills		4 5/8		1-4
Interest Day-to-day Loans		4 1/8	3-8	
do 7-day Market Loans		4 1/4	1-8	
Bar Gold (per oz.)		77/9		

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL:—

Spots ... ... Quiet.
Futures ... ... Unsettled.
East Indian ... ... Dull.
Manchester ... ... Quiet
Total Sales ... ...5,000. (2,000 c called)
Imports 12,000
Mid-Americans ... ...7.8—08
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 11 7-8 unchgd.

Future Delivery Prices:—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7·55	7·55	7·57	7·60
unchgd	—01	—01	—01
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug
7·63	7·65	7·67	7 65	7·64
unchgd	unchgd	+01	unchgd	+01

NEW YORK:—

Receipts at U.S. Ports ... ... 33,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year ... ... 64,000 „
Exports to Great Britain ... 8,000 „
Do to Continent ... ... 24,000 „
Spot Cotton—14·85 + 15

Futures—Month of Dec. 14·52 + 15 } Declined early owing to unfavorable cables and advanced later on bull support and shorts covering.
Do. do. March 14·99 + 17 }

New Orleans:—

Spot Cotton—14 1-2 unchgd.
Futures—Month of Dec. 14·64 + 15
Do. do. Mar. 15·15 + 17
Closing Tone of Spot—Firm.

SINNERS' REPORT.

The United States Census Bureau gives the amount of cotton ginned up to 1st instant as 3,110,000 Commercial Bales.

WHEAT.

Wheat afloat for U. K. Qrs. 1,840,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe.—62lbs.—27 1-4—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers—Firm.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—

Yellow Gujrat, per 416 lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship—45—Nov.-Dec.—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore—41 1-4—Nov.-Dec—Antwerp—Done.
Tone of Rapeseed—firmer.

Linseed:—

Bombay, per 416lbs., ex-ship 53—Nov.-Dec.—Dunkirk—Nominal.
Tone of Linseed.—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine La Plata 27 7 9—Dec.-Jan.—Hamburg—buyers.

WOOL AUCTION.

The Liverpool Wool Auction opened to-day. Quite steady Number of Bales offered 32,000.

Bicaneer 1st white unquoted.
„ Ordinary highest 9 3-4.
„ „ lowest 7 3-4.
Candhar first white unquoted.
„ Ordinary highest 8.
„ „ lowest 6 3-4.
Vicaneer white highest 8.
„ „ lowest 6 3-4.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE:—

In New York,—8 3-8 unchgd.

SUGAR:—

German granulated sugar, double bags, C. and F. India 15s. 7 1/2d.
1st marks, Sellers, May-Aug.
Tone of Sugar.—Steady.

Rubber:—

Para Rubber—2s. 1 1/2d.—Value.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [23RD NOV. 1909.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
	Rs.		
3 Pkgs. Sovs ...	13,270	Aden	Sundry Importers
Gold Coins ...	16,051		
1 Box Sovs	4,575	Alexandria	J. H. E. Obadiah
Gold Coins ...	210		

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 20th and 21st November, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	43	55,542
B. B. & C. I. Railway	85	99,961

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates:—

Bank of England... 5 per cent. from 21st Oct.
Bank of Bengal ... 5 per cent. „ 13th Nov.
Bank of Bombay... 5 per cent. „ 13th Nov.
Bank of Madras ... 5 per cent. „ 10th Nov.

Money:—

The Bank of Madras cash balance is Rs. 16 lakhs up.

Exchange:—

The market opened unchanged at 1s. 4 3-32d. T. T. and 1s. 4 1-8d. on demand. One Bank, however, offered T. T. and demand at 1s. 4 1-8d. and 1s. 4 5-32d. respectively and has managed to sell moderately. The Credit rate is 1s. 4 3-8d. for 3 months' sight bills, but with business possibly better terms were available. January-February business was done at 1s. 4 11-32d. 3 months' sight and March at 1s. 4 5-16d. Far Eastern rates are steady as under.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	...	1s. 4 3-32d. to 1-8d.
Demand Draft	...	1s. 4 1-8d. to 5-32d.
Credits—3 months' sight	...	1s. 4 3-32d.
Do 6 months' sight	...	1s. 4 1-32d.
Do 3 months' sight—Francs		159 3-4
Do 3 months' sight—Marks		119
Hongkong—30 days' sight	...	127 1-2
Yokohama—30 days' sight	...	150
Shanghai—30 days' sight	...	159 1-2

Government Paper:—

The market to-day has been quiet, the opening rates being 93 3-16 for cash and 92 1-8 for the settlement. There was not much doing in the morning but later on a Bank is reported to have sold and the market closes 1-16 down at 92 1-8 ready and 93 1-16 for the account with sellers. Calcutta market is steady at 93 5-16.

We quote:—

Cash	...	Rs.	92-2
1st Settlement	...	„	92-1

Bullion:—

On Monday the price of Bar Silver in London was unaltered at 23 3-8 ready and 23 7-16 for two months' delivery: and New York was steady at 50 3-4. Locally the market opened at 58 3-8 ex duty and has fallen 1-16 during the day for ready bars. Forward quotations are noted below. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	2	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	1	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	0	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	0	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	0	0
Silver as Duty—Ready	58	5	0
Ditto 1st Settlement	58	5	0
Ditto 2nd Settlement	58	11	0

COTTON.

Market Report:—

The market opened steadier in sympathy with the better advices from America, but there was little disposition to buy and shippers were in some cases sellers. Later on there was an easier tendency. We quote as under.

A moderate business was done at Colaba in ready cotton by exporters and mills.

QUOTATIONS:—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach ...	...306	Mar. 1910.
Good M. G. Broach ...	...302 1-2	„ „
Fine M. G. Nagpur-Kampti	...265	Jan. 1910.
Fine M. G. Damangaum-Pulgaon	255	„ „
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola	... 251	„ „
Fine M. G. Ammoti ...	...251	„ „
Fine M. G. Mattia ...	...243	„ „
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	...231	„ „
Fine M. G. Khandeish	...241	„ „
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	...239	„ „
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	...241	Dec. 1909.
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	...251	Nov. 1909.
F. G. H. G. Bengals ...	...216	Jan. 1910.
Good Westerns ...	...273	April-May „
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	...284	„ „

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed:—

The Market is firmer with a fair demand.

We quote:—

Ready	Rs.	9 11 0	B.T.
April-May	„	8 14 0	B.T.

Rapeseed:—

The Market is quiet with little doing.

We quote:—

Ready Brown Cawnpore...	Rs.	6 11 0	B.T.
Ready Yellow	„	7 1 0	
Ready Yellow Gujarat ...	„	7 4 0	
Brown Delhi, Apl.-May ...	„	7 5 0	

Gingellyseed:—

Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 43 4 0
Mimbara ... ... „ 44 8 0
Black Kutri ... ... „ 38 8 0
Red Khandwa ... ... „ 41 8 0

Tone—Firm.

Poppyseed—

Ready ... ... Rs. 9 6 0
Tone—Steady.

Castorseed:—

Ready ... ... — Rs. 34 8 0
Apl.-May ... ... „ 6 11 0
Tone—Steady.

Cottonseed:—

Dec.-Jan.... ... Rs. 23 0 0
Tone—Steady.

GROUNDNUTS:—

Jan.-Feb. ... ... Rs. 38 0 0
Tone—Firmer.

Mowraseed:—

November-December ... Rs. 6 4 0 R.T.
Tone—Firm.

WHEAT:—

The Market is firm with a better demand.

We quote:—

White Delhi, April-May... Rs. 5 8 0

YARNS.

The market is quiet but steady with a small business passing.

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks:—

Bombay 1,482 1-2
India 67
Indian Specie 53

Mills:—

Crescent 93 3-4
David ... ... — 406 1-4
Finlay Mills 247 1-2
Manockji Petit ... ... 3,417 1-2 Dec.
Currumbhai Mills ... ... 1,090 „

Presses:—

Indian Cotton 137 1-2
New Benar 550

Miscellaneous:—

Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Ordinary 93
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference. 151 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill 1,122 1-2
Treacher & Co 560

Railways:—

Ahmedabad-Prantej 592 1-2
Tapti-Valley 435

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	16,163	bales.
Wheat	6,504	cwts.
Linseed	4,953	„
Rapeseed	3,493	„
Gingellyseed	29,235	„
Poppyseed...	354	„
Groundnuts	2,474	„
Castorseed	5,737	„
Rice	2,995	„
Myrabollams	905	„
Cottonseed...	23,211	„
Mowraseed...	3,603	„
Gram	2,556	„
Jowar	214	„
Maize	5,852	„

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

To-day exchange on demand was 1s. 4 1-8d. Government Paper is at 93-3.

Coal:—Shares—Auckland is at Rs. 3; Baraboni, at Rs. 10 12; Raneegunje, at Rs. 16 1-2; Sejoonh, at Rs. 12; Sudamdill, at Rs. 5 1-4.

Jute:—Kamarhatty, Ordinary, at Rs. 103; Kanknarrah, Ordinary, at Rs. 183.

Bengal Telephones, at 90.

SCIATICA AND RHEUMATISM.

Mr. John Barrow, residing at 15, Duke Street, Bradford, Manchester, England, writes:—"I shall never fail to recommend Doan's Backache Kidney Pills to others, for the medicine has done me wonderful good.

"For two or three years I suffered from what I believe was sciatica and rheumatism. There were pains in the legs and the bottom of the back, and sometimes when walking briskly along a street, I have been seized with sharp, cutting pains in the, hips and knees, causing me to walk lame for a time.

"I have tried mustard baths and Turkish baths, and had medical treatment, but all to little avail. A short course of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, however, has practically cured me. I have felt like a new man since using the medicine. I remain, yours respectfully.

(Signed) "JOHN BARROW."

"Nearly six and-a-half years later" Mr. Barrow added:—"I stand by all I said for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills nearly seven years ago; and although I always like to keep the medicine handy, I am glad to say there has been no sign of the sciatica returning."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per bottle, or 6 bottles for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of affairs of the Bank of Bengal, for the week ending 16th Nov., 1909, as compared with the statement of 9th Nov. 1909:—

LIABILITIES.	Nov. 9. Rs.	a.	p.	Nov. 16. Rs.	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,68,00,000	0	0	1,68,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits, &c	1,74,68,313	5	8	1,59,18,622	7	4
Other Deposits, &c	17,20,92,533	5	7	16,88,18,879	5	0
Bank Post Bills, &c	12,24,533	10	10	7,68,758	1	0
Sundries	12,79,223	8	11	13,07,933	4	1
Rs ..	22,88,64,703	15	0	22,36,15,198	2	2
ASSETS.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Govt. Securities	3,05,40,606	0	0	3,08,50,508	0	0
other authorized Investments	70,87,011	0	0	70,69,301	0	0
Loans on Govt. & other authorized Securities	3,50,66,636	7	6	3,53,08,219	0	9
Accounts of Credit on do	4,93,19,000	14	9	4,92,92,410	1	1
Bills discounted, &c	2,83,78,057	4	9	3,09,59,695	7	7
Balances with other Banks	26,75,582	10	2	27,84,776	15	4
Bullion	3,830	12	0	3,830	12	0
Dead Stock	20,85,758	5	5	20,94,204	11	4
Stamps	12,778	3	11	12,702	14	10
Sundries	1,67,172	4	0	77,849	3	2
Cash, &c., at Head Office	15,53,31,433	14	6	15,34,53,498	2	1
Cash, &c., at Branches	7,35,33,220	0	6	8,01,61,700	0	1
	22,88,64,703	15	0	22,36,15,198	2	2

LIABILITIES.

Government Balance at Head Office	Rs. 1,40,735	Decrease.
Government Balance at Branches	14,08,955	do
Other Deposits	32,73,654	do
Post Bills	4,54,875	do
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments	2,92,192	Increase.
Loans	2,41,533	do
Accounts of Credit	26,590	Decrease.
Mercantile Bills	25,86,638	Increase.
Cash at Head Office	37,43,030	Decrease.
Cash at Branches	46,23,490	do

Percentage 34·88.

DAILY EXPORTS—NOV. 23.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of York s—1,000 cwts deelseed, J Luckmidas; 2,241 cwts maize, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 800 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 315 bales cotton-waste, K Visram and Co; 20 bales wool, Allen Bros; 60 bales cotton-waste, W L Patioge and Co.

Massilia s—3,722 cwts maize, 278 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co; 30 tons oilcake, The New Mofussil Co.

Elysia s—18 bales wool, Moti Jetha; 3 bales wool, M Balia; 2 bales cotton Diwadkar and Co; 40 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—4,000 cwts castorseed, 3,400 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros,

FOR MANCHESTER.

Meridian s—2,000 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Haighall s—5,000 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR NEW YORK.

Massilia s—800 cwts ajwanseed, 2,000 cwts castorseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR HULL.

Aleppo s—500 cwts dillseed, Baner Krause; 136 cwts cottonseed, W Becher.

Moorfield s—3,001 cwts castorseed, Arjun Khimjee.

Germanic s—55,435 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Brothers.

King Howel s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, 1,000 cwts castorseed, T Momraz; 280 cwts cottonseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

London Hall s—8,000 cwts cottonseed T Momraz.

FOR GLASGOW.

Massilia s—100 bales hemp, R. Reeve and Co.

FOR GHENT.

Aleppo s—110 bales cotton, Liladhur and Co.

FOR BOSTON.

Aleppo s—120 cwts fishmaws, R Dhunji and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Birkhall s—5,524 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Brothers.

Chyebassa s—110 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 1,000 cwts gingellyseed J. Fachiri.

King Howel s—220 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co; 165 bales cotton, Samjee and Co; 55 bales cotton P. Visram and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Lydford s—220 bales cotton, A. Blescheck and Co; 550 bales cotton, P. Visram and Co.

Pagenturm s—8 pots rosa oil, 2 pots geranium oil, Baner Krause.

Lydford s—100 cwts turmeric, Kharaj Bros.

FOR BREMEN.

Pagenturm s—660 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Treneglos s—1,154 bales cotton, and 1,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers; 2 bales cotton Walter, Pavri and Co; 2,000 cwts linseed, 2,000 cwts castorseed, K Nizon and Co; 300 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

Moorfield s—300 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Dunster s—2,000 cwts poppyseed, Volkart Brothers; 1,500 tons manganese ore, Schroder Smidt and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—499 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri; 880 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 1,475 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 10 cwts rough garnets Latham and Co; 1 bale cotton, The New Mofussil Co.

Moravia s—226 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 220 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co; 3,502 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri; 1,000 cwts teelseed, Ralli Brothers; 110 bales cotton, P Vishram and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Elysia s—1,000 cwts castorseed, 1,000 cwts groundnuts, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 120 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

City of York s—60 bales cotton, Khimji Vishram and Co.

Massilia s—2,471 cwts mowraseed, 990 cwts poppyseed, 2,970 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri; 2,000 cwts poppyseed, 3,999 cwts gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 2,579 cwts poppyseed, 1,485 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri.

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

Moravia s—375 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri.

FOR AVONMOUTH.

F. S. Ciampa s—6,696 cwts cottonseed Ralli Bros.

FOR KOBE.

Ceylon Maru s—200 bales cotton, H. N. Madeaswalla and Co; 500 bales cotton, C. Ebrahim and Co; 400 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co; 1,100 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading Co; 1,500 bales cotton, The M. B Kaisha.

Delta s—100 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co; 168 bales cotton, The M. B. Kaisha.

Persia s—101 bales cotton, The M. B. Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Ceylon Maru s—300 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co; 700 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton Trading Co; 500 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co; 600 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

Delta s—480 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—3 chests opium, C Bomanjee and Co.

Ceylon Maru s—100 bales twist, Sasoon J David and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Delta s—2 chests opium, C Bomanjee and Co.

Ceylon Maru s—100 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 200 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.

LEON DESJARDINS, whose name came before the public in 1897 for his conspicuous bravery during the Paris Charity bazaar calamity, was found drowned in the Seine recently, having committed suicide through poverty.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

For Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAL NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

REID—DISNEY—November 17, at Christ Church, Muzaffarpur, by the Revd. Canon Ernest Brown, assisted by the Revd. Russell Payne, Robert Neil Reid, Indian Civil Service, son of the late David Reid of Hanley House, Regent's Park, London, to Amy Helen, only daughter of G. W. Disney of Muzaffarpur, and late of Killiskill, Co. Tyrone, Ireland.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Byculla Bridge, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h, 50m.; Sun sets, 6h. 0m.; High water, 8-21m., 9-20s.; Low water, 2-13m., 2-47s.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p. m.

Badham Pile and Co., extraordinary general meeting, 6 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph near Municipal Offices, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p. m.

Maxim: "Gold hath wings which carry everywhere except to heaven."—RUSSIAN PROVERB.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Thursday, November 25.—Bombay Municipal Corporation Special Meeting, 4-40 p.m.

Friday, November 26.—Balloting at the Bombay Chamber of Commerce for the election of a Member of the New Legislative Council 10-30 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Saturday, November 27.—Balloting at the Bombay Chamber of Commerce for the election of a Member of the New Legislative Council, 10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m. Bombay Commercial Gymkhana, Band of the 116th Mahrattas, at 6 p.m.

Sunday, November 28.—1st Sunday in Advent.

Monday, November 29.—Balloting at the Bombay Chamber of Commerce for the election of a Member of the New Legislative Council, 10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m.

TEMPERANCE LECTURE.—In the Bombay Y. M. C. A. Hall on Thursday evening next, Dr. C. R. Marrett will deliver a lecture on "Alcohol—Its influence on mind and matter."

THE ARTHUR ROAD AND MARATHA HOSPITALS.—Khan Bahadur Dr. N. H. Choksy, the chief physician of the Arther Road and Maratha Hospitals, has obtained two months' leave for the benefit of his health. Dr. Ardaser Dhunjishah Contractor has been appointed to act for him.

ACCIDENT IN A BLOW ROOM.—On Tuesday morning just as the machinery of the blow room in the Hindustan Mill was set in motion after three days' rest, a pulley fell from the shafting and striking on the stone floor caused sparks to fly about, which set fire to some loose cotton lying about. Parsa Dwarka, an employe, had both his chins burnt in trying to extinguish the fire. The flames were put out with the aid of mill appliances. The damage done by fire and water is estimated at about Rs. 2,000.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails consisting of specially superscribed correspondence for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and Delagoa Bay per extra s. s. "Mozaffari" will be closed at the General Post Office at 4-30 p. m., to-day. Specially superscribed correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer. Correspondence for Seychelles will also be forwarded by this steamer.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.—The ordinary monthly meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, to-day at 6 p.m. (S.T.) Paper to be read:—"The migration of a form of Iranian religious ideas to ancient Rome and other countries of Europe, and the narrow escape of early Christianity in its conflict with them for the dominion of the world," by Mr. Ruttonshaw Kershaspji Dadachanji, B.A., LL.B. Members and friends are invited to attend.

MUSIC AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut. Col. R. E. Pigott, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st. Battalion B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. H. C. Dane commencing at 6 15 p. m. (S.T.) to-day.

Overture ...The Merry Wives of Windsor...Nicolai
Selection ...The King of Cadonia .....Sidney Jones
Porto Rican Dance.....Rosita.....Misand
Walt .....Phantome .....Gung'l
Selection ...H M S Pinafore.....Sullivan
Valse Intermezzo.....Flirtation .....Steck
Song .....Once upon a time.....Lincke

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, held an inquest, at Doorgadevi, touching the death of Ganpat Vishram, a Hindu boy, aged ten months. It appeared from evidence that the deceased lived with his mother Kashibai in the room of a chawl at Doorgadevi. The room was near the staircase. On Monday at about 8-30 p.m. Kashibai was engaged in her room, while the child was lying asleep near the door which was ajar. Two persons named Laxman Dagroo and Shunker Ramji, who lived on the upper floor, while drunk, began to struggle with each other with the result that they both fell against the door, at which the door burst open and they both fell on the child. They both then got up and went away struggling not knowing what they had done. The mother went to the child and picked him up, when he was found to be dead. A verdict of accidental death was returned.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With reference to the Appeal, I have much pleasure in acknowledging, with many thanks, the following donations to the funds of the Institution:—

H. W. P. Rs. 10, Friend Rs. 15, Another Friend Rs. 5, Little Missy Rs. 2, C. Vernon Rs. 50, Anon Rs. 30, W. W. P. Rs. 100, S. J. Gillum Rs. 50, B. B. B. Rs. 10, Anon Rs. 20, G. F. Tennant Rs. 50, Mrs. L. E. Mayes Rs. 10, Mrs. P. Morris Rs. 5, Mrs. Aynsley Clifford Rs. 5, A. L. Rs. 10, Sir Basil Scott Rs. 200, Mr. Arcalian Rs. 15, L. Harrington Rs. 5, A. H. Rs. 5, S. Berry Rs. 5, Peter Rs. 25, Charles Brown

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

THE steamer Nonsuch, 2,414 tons Captain A. G. Alston arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer Dunster, 2,069 tons Captain W. Rutken arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Portsaid with ballast.

THE steamer Bassano, 2,762 tons Captain J. Borhall arrived in harbour on Monday evening from Penarth with a cargo of coal.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Company's steamer Pevia, 3,779 tons Captain P. Gungevich, will sail to-day for Kobe &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

THE B. and P. S. N. Company's steamer Rahmani, 1,872 tons Captain W. H. Coates will sail to-day for Jedah with 789 pilgrims.

THE Hall Line steamer Trafford Hall 3,436 tons Captain W. H. Hood sailed on Tuesday for Liverpool via Karachi with a general cargo and Mr. Asbel, Mr. Edulji Dinshaw and Mrs. Garlick as passengers.

THE steamer Barbara, 2,444 tons, Captain W. Hepburn, will sail to-day for Antwerp with a general cargo.

THE steamer Langdale, 2,515 tons Captain F. R. Clarke will sail to-day for Calcutta &c with the same bottom cargo.

THE steamer Shah Jehan, 2,566 tons, Captain C. Born, will sail to-day for Jedah with 1,350 pilgrims.

THE B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Africa 1,382 tons, Captain F. Chappel, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Bushire &c. with a general cargo, 2 cases opium, 63 horses and 9 cabin and 163 deck passengers.

THE steamer Blake, 2,396 tons Captain H. J. Hull will sail to-day for Calcutta with ballast.

THE P. and O. Company's steamer Delta, 4,779 tons Captain B. W. Snow, will sail to-day for Shanghai &c via Colombo with China and Australian mails a general cargo and the following passengers :—For Colombo.—Mr. S. T. Hart, Commissioner Booth Tucker, Mrs. and Miss Booth Tucker Mr. E. Gloaril, Mr. A. E. S. Jeevanji, Master Jeevanjee, Mr H. G. Rawlinson, Mrs. J. Ismalji and child, Mr. P. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Armstrong. For Sydney.—Private E. Murphy, Mr. V., Miss E. and Mrs. D. Price. For Melbourne.—Captain J. C. O'Brien, Sergeant Gratton. For Singapore.—Mr. H. A. Cartwright. Corporals Samb and Jones, Lieut. Farrell. For Kobe.—Mr. G. L. Charbal.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S. Redbreast... ...Lieut Tisdall .....Royal Navy
H M S Parem... ... .Capt F G Bert... ....R Navy
H M S Proserpine...Capt J T Marshall... ....R Navy
H M S Sphinx...Comdr N Harvey...In the Stream..... R Navy
R I M S Lawrence ...Comdr E G Mills..... R I Marine
D'Entre Casteaux ...Comdr Thubault..... Frinch Novy

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Nov. 22.

Africa.....1302.....Chappel .....M M & Co
Bassano 2762...Box hall ..Antwerp.....J Finlay & Co
Britannia.....999 Hales .....Bo & H S & Co
Blake ...2396 Hill .....W & A Graham & Co
Budri.....1613 .....Collinson
Caboto..... 2845 ..... Schiaffino.....Venice S N Co
Chyibassa ...3082 ..... Wadge.....M M & Co
Delhi.....4784 Gordon...Shanghai.....3-12 P & O Co
Dunster .....2360.....Rulken
Hydra...831 Karsiborn .....F F Campbell & Co
Hoseince ....999 ..... Hughes.....B & P S N Co
Haig Hall .....3068 .....Davison
Islanda .....3361 Robertson ... .M M & Co
Kasara ..... 805 Elton .....M M & Co
Moravia .....2258..... Cogulich .....A L S N Co
Nanrelbahar ....212 Macoda Sultan of Nuscat.....4-12 Patint Slip
Nizam .....2041 Morgan .....T Morrison and Co
Nonsuch .....2414 .....Alston
Querimba..... 4935.....Smith M M & Co
Saifi ... .1448 ....Bo & G S N Co
Strathness ....2813 Lamont .....K Nixon & Co
Wearbeck .....2446 Lewis .....K Nixon & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Nov. 22.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Delta	4780	Snow...	Shanghai...	24-11	P & O Co
Birkhall	2731	Jones ..	A'werp...	25 11	Kalli Bros
C & E Trafford Hall...	3436	Wood.....	Karachi.....	23-11	K Nixon & Co
D & E F S Clarupa ...	2153	Marcasa ...	Gersion ...	27-11	W & A Gram & Co
F Germanic ...	2171	Barrow...	Hull...	26-11	W & A G & Co
F Clan Forbes	2309	Bicket...	Chittagong	30-11	J Finlay & Co
G Mozaffari	1387	Malong	Zanzibar	24-11	B & P S N Co
H Kanzler	1864	Maick-Z'bar...	... ...	25-11	A Strandes
K Aleppo...	2836...	Bradley ...	Hull,	3-12...	J Finlay & Co
L Markarf...	2325	Timm ...	Jeddah ...	25-11	A Strandes
N Harlesden ...	2724	Gray ...	Philadelphia	25-11	R A Willis
N Muridian...	2248	0 ...	Slevinson...	Manchester ...	W & A Graham & Co
O Barbara ...	2444	Ho,born ...	Antwerp ...	24-11	W & A Graham & Co
P Linden Hall ...	2349	Sallock ...	A'werp	27-11	W & A G & Co
Q Germanic	2171	Barrow	Hull.....	26-11	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Elysia	5509	Hidg...	Liverpool ...	24-11 W & A Graham & Co
2	Massilia... ..	3230	.....	Thomson Spod	5 12 W & A Graham & Co
3	Ceylon Maru...	3113	Pyne...	Kobe 27 11	N Y Kisiaba
4	Lydford ...	2575	Tyson ...	0'dam...	28-11 T Morrison & Co.
5	Pagenturm.....	3160	Fischbeck ...	...	Hamburg via Kura bi...1 12... W & A G & Co
6	Moorfield...	2725	Fleming	Genoa	29-11 K Nixon & Co
7	King Howel...	2821	Davies	Antwerp.....	28 11 T Morrison & Co
9	Koerber ..	3157	Foresti...	Trieste	1 12 A L S N Co
10 & 11	City of York ...	1935	Milan ..	Liverpool ...	via Karachi ..1 12 K Nixon & Co
13	Persia ...	4193	Haughton...	London...	4-12 P & O Co
14	Dumra.....	762.....	..Manley Busteh		25-11 M M & Co
15	Langdale ...	2515	Clarke ...	Cochin...	24 11 K Nixon & Co
16	Trenoglos .....2487 Luke			Genoa	20-11 T Morrison & Co

M W D D

H M S Hyacinth ..Capt Dick ..... R Navy

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
22	Nonsuch s	Alston	Calcutta Nov 12
	Dunster s	Rutken	Portsaid Nov 7
	Bassano s	Boxhall	Pinarth Oct 26
23	Africa s	Chappel	Bushire Nov 11

DEPARTURE.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
23	Trafford Hall s ...	Hood	Liverpool &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearance on Tuesday :—

Steamer Shah Jehan Born for Jedah.
" Langdale Clarke for Calcutta.
" Barbara Hepburn Antwerp, &c.
" Persia Gairgevich for Kobe, &c.
" Rahmani Coates for Jedah.
" Blake Hill for Calcutta.
" Delta Snow for Shanghai &c.

The following vessels began to load on Tuesday :—

Steamer Meridian for Liverpool, &c.
" Massilia for Liverpool, &c.
" Salazie for Marseilles.
" Chyebassa for Antwep, &c.
" Bassano for Antwerp, &c.
" Dunster for Dunkirk.

WE are requested to state that under demand from Calcutta the Directors of the Indian Motor Taxi-Cab Company, Ltd., have resolved not to place the full number of cabs mentioned in the Prospectus on the Bombay Service in the first instance, but to divide with Calcutta, where it appears advisable also to inaugurate a service with the least possible delay.

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CAIRO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.

Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

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NOTCE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 24, 1909.

THE FUTURE OF INDIA.

IF the "United Service Magazine" is widely read in India, one of the papers it contains this month will attract more than ordinary attention. It is entitled "The Only Home Rule for India" and appears over the signature of Colonel L. J. H. Grey, C.S.I. Colonel Grey is a Staff Corps officer, who has seen much service, military, civil and political, and who, since his retirement, has continued to reside in this country, devoting his prolonged leisure to the study and discussion of Indian questions. In treating the problem of the future of India, he looks a long way ahead. Indeed it may be said, without disparagement, that he has all along been in advance of the time. Nevertheless his lucubrations invariably furnish food for thought and his latest article is no exception to the rule. He is convinced that the administration of this country has inevitably to be transferred into Indian hands. What he wishes to determine is into what hands and under what system it shall be transferred. Should it be our foreign system of administration, manned by Indians who can pass competitive examinations? Or should it be the system familiar to the country, administered by its natural leaders? If the latter, then should we wait for the perfection of the Native State methods? Would it not, rather, be well gradually to commence the process of devolution of our responsibilities upon those native Governments which are good according to Indian ideas? The process, he foresees, would be very gradual and might take a century or more. "But the policy of extension of territory of existing States, of conferring ruling powers upon titular chiefs, of creating new States for representatives of ancient houses in the territories they once possessed, on the precedent of Mysore,—that policy might now be accepted in principle and gradually followed as occasion might arise. Meanwhile we should proceed with what is at hand, namely the use of the aristocracy in counsel and in defence. Lord Lytton's measure for the use of chiefs in defence—defeated at the time, but partially adopted later by Lord Dufferin; his measure for their use in counsel—rendered futile by the Home Government in 1877, but again brought forward by Lord Minto in 1908—these are pressing matters. At once he would have an Imperial Council of Ruling Chiefs. "Bring that into being," he feels, and from it may ultimately arise, not only the Territorial Army but that employment of the aristocracy in the military and other services, and that reserve of officers, young nobles trained in an Indian Sandhurst features more or less defined, of a policy which is already accepted in principle."

Colonel Grey's long experience leads him to the belief that the Native State system is preferred to our order, because it is native; because even when bad it suits the people, and when good, it is the best possible for Orientals. It is good when it is supervised; when as Elphinstone advised, we afford "that degree of control which is necessary to give an impulse and direction." Having abolished the ancient remedy of rebellion, which checked misrule, we must substitute supervision—not meddlesome interference, but just that acquaintance with affairs which is ample check. "Thus controlled the Native State system is preferable for and preferred by the masses to our own." Therefore what Colonel Grey advocates is Home rule of this kind, believing that to control the Native State system, not to transform it into a copy of our own, to preserve and to extend it is the happiest method of affording to India the self-government at which we aim. He does not think it necessary to discuss whether the Native State system is as good as the British, but whether it does on the whole satisfy Indians, and whether there is any better attainable form of Home rule in India as Mr. Keene in his "Servant of John Company" asks, so does Colonel Grey, that we shall consider where there is a question of transplanting the British oak to the banks of the Ganges, whether the banyan tree may not be a more appropriate vegetation. But, of course, in discussing potential Home Rule for India, it is necessary to discover what is meant by giving up India. It has been declared and only recently reiterated that Britain will never give up India. No more she will; though undoubtedly the enlargement and reform of the Councils just granted is but a step towards greater concessions in the future, if not in the near future. The despatch of the Court of Directors to the Government of India, on the renewal of the charter in 1833, we are reminded, said that when the people are fit, the British would withdraw from the administration, preserving only a reciprocity of commercial interests. And though it may not be widely acknowledged that intention is gradually, almost imperceptibly being fulfilled. Those of us who only came here yesterday are unable to note the flow of the tide, but those who will be at the trouble to look back and take note of even recent history, cannot fail to appreciate the change which has come about in the last few years. The administration has been and still is steadily passing into Indian hands. So is industry and trade and commerce. At the present rate, observes Colonel Grey, "it seems probable that, by the end of this century, India will have very few Europeans engaged in either. When Indians hold the administration and the industries, and also, we may hope, the financial obligations of India, practically nothing will remain but the supreme rule of the Emperor and his command of the forces, through his representative."

Of this we may be sure, that though we may eventually give India the same form of rule as the self-governing colonies and, ultimately, Home Rule, India will still remain part of the British Empire and "if only for India's sake no sane person, British or Indian, would have it otherwise." But in ruminating upon the possibility of a European coalition against us, to the observation that we should spend our last shilling and give our last man before we gave up India, Colonel Grey replies, "doubtless were it a question of surrendering India to another Power or of leaving her derelict to the first comer, then all who think imperially would say the same. But the doubt is of those who would have to find the last man and the last shilling." Lord Lytton's remark of thirty years ago—that "the outlook for the empire is grave; it is always so, but chiefly, I think, became the Government and the very maintenance of India depend ultimately on the will of a people from whose political life the sentiment and instinct of Empire seems dying out"—is just as true to-day. There are many little Englanders, to-day; there will be more with the progress of socialism. We are reminded of the expressions Mr. Frewen Lord quoted in the July number of the "Nineteenth Century": "I am not particular," said one, "whether the King or his nephew rules me; so I do not intend to subscribe any more money for the defence of my country." Said another: "I don't see what the Empire amounts to;" a third: "Let those who want a Navy pay for it;" and a fourth: "Imperialists are little better than receivers of stolen goods." These are not the people who will supply the last man or the last shilling. The sentiment and instinct of Empire has died out in them. It is not safe to count on its revival to any very great extent at the present time, though in the vast majority there is still slumbering the imperial spirit which an emergency might arouse. But remembering the tendency of the age it will not be a waste of time and energy to ponder over the suggestive remarks of Colonel Grey's paper that we may be the better able to shape our course for the future.

"REUTERS."

THE death of Baron George de Reuter removes the second of the remarkable trio whose name is a household word the world over. The great news agency started from very small beginnings, the first work consisting almost solely of sending the news of Aix-la-Chapelle to Berlin and *vice versa* when the line between the two was opened in 1849. The strict press censorship of the Continent, not yet wholly abolished, however, stood in the way of enterprise and at the first opportunity Mr. Reuter transferred his energies to England, the home even then of a free press. His first office was at No. 1 Royal Exchange, and his first supporters seem to have been Greek merchants interested in the Danube wheat trade and suiting his service to his customers it was to this that the greatest attention was paid. This was in 1851 following the laying of the Dover-Calais cable, but it was not long before Mr. Reuter undertook the task of reforming the columns of foreign intelligence in the London papers. But newspapers, even Liberal newspapers, are the most conservative of things and the new system was not introduced lightly. The scheme, he formulated, was first submitted to the *Times* and was ridiculed. The great journal not unnaturally said that since it was accustomed to the work of news-gathering it was more competent to do it than an agency which was practically without experience. Eventually it was the *Morning Advertiser* which accepted Mr. Reuter's challenge which was that for thirty pounds a month he would supply a better continental news service than that paper then obtained at a cost of ten pounds more. Six other papers also accepted the challenge, and so satisfactory was the result that all the other papers were forced to follow suit including even, eventually, the *Times*. Even then, however, there were prejudices to be overcome. How it was done, can be gathered from a few actual instances. In the pre-Atlantic cable days he had the American mail steamer met off the coast of Ireland by a fast sailing yacht. His news despatches packed in hermetically sealed boxes were thrown on board the yacht from the mail boat and they approached landwards and then conveyed to Crookhaven, the nearest point on the Irish coast whence they were telegraphed via Cork over some sixty miles of wire which Reuter himself laid down in order to render rapidity of transmission possible to London. It was Reuter who gave the public the first news of the shooting of Abraham Lincoln and his death. This occurred after the mail had left for England but by chartering a swift steamer the mail was caught up and the news thrown on board to be thrown back later to the Irish yacht. Then again it was Reuter's agency which told Lord Palmerston that Maron and Slidell the Confederate Commissioners to England had been taken on board the "Trent" with results which are well-known and it was also Reuter which first announced the calamity of Isandlhwana in 1879 and the disaster of Majuba Hill. When Baron de Reuter—he received his title from the Duke of Saxe-Coburg Gotha in 1871—retired from his business in 1878, he was succeeded by his son, Mr. Herbert de Reuter, the present Baron, who directs the destinies of the great agency with the same wonderful foresight as his father. Baron George de Reuter was the second son and also a director of the Company which acquired the business in 1865, and now but one of the first family owners of the great business remains. How much the agency means to the whole world can be imagined in some small degree if one tries to conceive what India would be like to the Anglo-Indian if there were no such agency to supply its news to the Indian papers day by day.

THE PEERS AND THE BUDGET.

THE feature of the debate in the Lords on Mr. Lloyd George's Budget is the difference of opinion between the present and the late Lord Chancellor on the rights of the Upper Chamber. Lord Loreburn, the present occupant of the woolsack, formerly Solicitor-General and Attorney-General, asserts that "though the letter of the law undoubtedly enables the Lords to reject the Budget, it has been so modified by usage and custom that the rejection would be unconstitutional." Lord Halsbury, Lord Chancellor under the last Unionist Government, and for ten years the holder of that exalted office, also a former Solicitor-General, gives it as his opinion that the Lords are acting both legally and constitutionally. When doctors differ who shall decide? Lord Lansdowne, who is facing the situation quite right-heartedly, say the people. And to the people the question will go, the Lords refraining from decreeing the final extinction of the Bill. Surely there is nothing unconstitutional in that. Still it is probable there will be some little delay though we were promised the grand finale before the end of this month. Thirty-five Unionist Peers and eighteen Liberal Peers have intimated their intention to speak. If as Mr. McKenna said on Monday night, the Lords are to be muzzled they apparently mean to make the most of their opportunities before that operation is performed.

MR. NEVILLE, Agent, Bengal and North-Western Railway, returns almost immediately.

MR. F. J. ATKINSON, Accountant General, United Provinces, retires from service in March.

THE Finance Department of the Government of India received six monthly estimates from all local Governments and Imperial Departments. These are now under examination.

MR. MANSON, Agent of Bengal Nagpur Railway, coming out by the middle of February and Mr. Dring, Agent of the East Indian Railway, is expected at about the same time.

MR. WALTER WOOD, member of the Railway Board, completes his tour this cold weather, but in well-informed circles, it is considered probable and in fact settled that he will be given an extension of Service.

PENDING the return of Mr. Doran, Mr. Van Someran acts as Postmaster General, Bombay, as temporary arrangement. Mr Maxwell, on leaving the Commerce Department in March next, goes to the Punjab as Postmaster General.

DETAILS of inquiry into "high prices" have been settled and it will only take the form of an statistical enquiry and all controversial topics will be left out. The enquiry will be "how far the increase has been general and local." An officer to undertake the work will now be selected.

PRIVATE intimation has been received that Mr. Neville Priestley, Agent, South Indian Railway, will become Managing Director of the line and on the completion of his leave will retire from Government service.

THE 127th Baluchis, who have been in Poona for about a year, have suddenly been warned to be in readiness to proceed to Somaliland almost immediately. The presumption is that they are required there for active service.

MR. MCROBERT, lately President, Upper India Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. George Allen, Director of the well known Cawnpore firm of Cooper Allen and Co., arrived in Calcutta on Sunday from Australia. They left for Cawnpore yesterday).

THE Goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 30th October, shows an increase over the corresponding week of 1908 of 219,985 mds. and Rs. 53,154 in the earnings.

IT may, we understand, be taken as practically certain, says the "Pioneer," that Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. Pinhey will succeed Lieutenant-Colonel Dunlop Smith as Private Secretary to the Viceroy in February.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

AMATEUR ATHLETICS.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, NOVEMBER 5.

LIKE the poor, the question of the status of an amateur is always with us, and many are sick and tired of the controversy. As always everyone knows a serious attempt has lately been made by the Olympic Committee to arrive at one universal definition, but it is much to be feared, that we are not much nearer a satisfactory solution to the question. It is only natural that different ideas on the question, therefore one cannot expect all to recognise that an amateur is simply "one who derives no pecuniary gain from participation in sports—as a competitor, instructor or official." Whether a man opposes a professional or not makes no difference and when our athletic and swimming authorities recognise this, as in the cricket, tennis, golf, rackets, and horse racing world, it will be all the better for genuine amateurs. Apropos of this, "The Athletic News," of the current week, is responsible for the following, "Why an athlete should be called a professional for taking part in a race with one, it is difficult to see." This is refreshing, for the writer stood alone for years in advocating the policy of no restrictions to competition between amateurs and professionals.

SHEPPARD'S RETURN TO FORM.

Close followers of athletics in England dearly love a great runner, and certain "giants of the past" were long worshipped as idols. W. G. George was the first and greatest, and while his mile record of 4 mins 12 3/4 secs stands, the old timers will probably go on terming him "the greatest of all runners." Lon Myers was another popular idol in this country, and all must acknowledge that it makes no difference to English sportsmen whether the crack is a visitor or otherwise, so long as he makes good as an athlete and sportsmen. Some great runners, by the way, never become really favourites with the general public, owing to some failing in pluck, judgment or other defect. The presence of Myers at an English meeting always proved a big draw, once he was known here, and he often assured the writer, that his biggest ovations were England. Following Myers, the English sports took to M. Remmington (1891) and M. W. Long (1900, and 1901) though in a lesser degree. The recent Olympic Games introduced us to several other splendid American athletes, but the one above all others who caught the crowd, was M. W. Sheppard, who stepped on the Stadium track six times during the games and always broke the winning tape, while setting up a new British record of 1 min. 54 secs. for half a mile. When the news of Sheppard's illness reached England, many feared it would end his racing career, consequently his returned to form, gives much satisfaction. This was demonstrated by his recent victory at the American Indoor Championship meet, and further brought home by his victory over E. Lunghi in a 1,000 yards race at Celtic Park. This is satisfactory, and points to these two splendid athletes having some rare struggles next season. Sheppard will be 27 years of age in September of 1910, so is just at his best (W. G. George was 28, when he made his greatest record) and as Lunghi may be expected to run as well, or even better, next season, the competition between the pair may lead to some record breaking. Sheppard holds some advantage over the Italian in regard to experience, and he also probably has the most pace, which allows him to wait on his man, a very bad advantage indeed. Mention of these famous runners, reminds one that H. Braun of Germany, may challenge them for supremacy, for he has certainly improved since finishing third to Sheppard and Lunghi at the Olympic Games. If the three could be induced to toe the mark for the half mile championship of England (held by Braun) next season, we should see a sensational race, and it would be a neutral course.

"RECORDS" IN CANADA.

When an athlete of the class of H. St. Ives of France competes in a race, the greatest care should be taken to ensure the course being accurate. That this was not so on the occasion of his victory in the Seattle "Marathon," when he was timed to run 26 miles 385 yards in 2 hours 32 mins 39 secs. is virtually certain. No greater proof of this is necessary than the time credited to J. D. Marsh, the veteran Salford barrier being clocked to pass the ten miles post in 54 mins. 50 secs. Now considering that Marsh was a bad fourth in the English ten miles championship of 1904, (which Shrubb won by 480 yards in 54 mins 30 secs.) it is obvious a screw is loose somewhere, for improvement at his time of life is not to be expected.

BOXING.

Some critics in England are inclined to look on the recent negotiations between Jeffries and Johnson as so much "hot air," and proclaim that the men are just as far off fighting as ever. The writer however, does not feel this way, and he is satisfied Jeffries will try and regain the Championship for the white race, if he can get into anything like fair condition. It is perhaps this particular point on which all depends, for while many men would gladly face a certain defeat for the sum of money Jeffries can command by appearing, the conqueror of Corbett and Fitzsimmons is not built this way. The opinions of America's leading authorities on the probable outcome of a meeting between Jeffries Johnson makes interesting reading, and even allowing for the natural feeling in favour of the white man, Jeffries certainly has the strongest following. It was never the fortune of the writer to see Jeffries fight, but his victories over "Fitz" and Corbett speak for themselves, and his great ability is apparent. As to Johnson, although he gained a tremendous advantage by that lucky upper cut in the opening round of his fight with Tommy Burn, he failed to knock out the British-born boxer, and there is some reason for supposing that his ability to punish, is not in keeping with his splendid physique and wonderful cleverness. New "Jeff" certainly is a hitter out of the common, and on this account, his chances appeal to the writer.

A POOR CONTEST.

The contest between Jeannette and Kubiak at Paris last Saturday was not a very brilliant affair, neither of the Americans being actually fit. Consequently the contest dragged on until the tenth round, when Jeannette got home heavily on his rival's jaw and ended matters. Touching on heavy weights Ian Hague has just taken to himself a wife, so is evidently in no great hurry to get down to serious training, in spite of the challenges from the young American giant Jim Stewart and others.

FOOTBALL.

After many months of uncertainty, it now looks as though there will be peace in the Association football world. The Players Union held a ballot on the question of leaving the Federation of Trades Unions or not, and the majority being in favour of doing so, this will probably lead to clear sailing between the players and the Football Association.

SUBSTITUTES.

In spite of the unfairness of rules which permit of a side being handicapped through accident to a player, the writer is still alone among journalists in advocating that substitutes should be allowed to take the place of injured players. The bad accidents to F. T. Fitchie and S. N. Cronje during the week, again emphasize this, and something really ought to be done. Fitchie had the ill-luck to break his ankle while taking part in a match at Philadelphia, while the South African broke a leg during a Rugby match between Oxford and United Services. This is a big blow to the Dark Blues, for Cronje is credited with being one of the best forwards at Oxford.

A GREAT GAME.

One of the best finishes for a long time, was seen in the Oxford University and Glasgow Academicals match at Oxford last Saturday. With only a minute more to go, the Scots led by 10 points to 8, but Cunningham then picked up the ball in Oxford's "25" and it passed from him to Tarr and then to Poulton. The latter made a splendid run, and tricking the opposition at the finish by feign to pass, slipped through and scored under the posts. The Dark Blues made another great finish in the match against United Services on Wednesday, a placed kick in the last minute, enabling them to wish by 8 points to 7. The Cambridge men were not so fortunate against London Hospital, (going down by 9 points to 8), but as they defeated Richmond by 23 points to 3, there cannot be much the matter with the team.

"SOCCER."

Liverpool and Blackburn Rovers are having a rare fight for supremacy in the First Division of the League. Both were successful in away from home matches on Saturday, Bristol City and Notts Forest being the victims respectively, 2 and as Sheffield United went under at Bradford, the joint leaders are now well placed. The position of Sheffield United is still good, in spite of two consecutive defeats, (following nine engagements without a reverse) and providing the players do not get discouraged, the team may again go the front. Celtic and Glasgow Rangers had another of their big struggles in the Scottish League match at Ibrox Park last Saturday, the match attracting 35,000 people. The dropping of one point by Celtic, brings the leaders back a little, the record being 18 points for 12 games, while Falkirk claims 16 for 11. The former leaders (Greenock Morton) have gone all to pieces lately, and while they looked like beating Queen's Park for two-thirds of their recent match, the amateurs came through victorious at the finish, by 5 goals to 2.

MAHER'S CENTURY.

Danny Maher had a rest during the first half of the week, but his success on Desmonds Pride in the Manton Welter Handicap at Newbury on Wednesday, brought his record of winning mounts for the season to 100. This is the seventh time he has reached his century in England, his best season being in 1908, when he scored 139 wins, while in the ten seasons he has been in England, he has steered 955 winners. This is a proud record, and while he has seen rivals score more times during the season, he invariably comes out on top in regard to percentage of wins to mounts.

A "FLIER."

There can be no doubt about Prince Foote being a real "flier," and his wins in the Victoria Derby (on Sturday) and the Melbourne Cup (Tuesday) stamps the son of Sir Foote and Petrushka as something out of the ordinary. It further brings home how great a loss Australia suffered through the early termination of Sir Foote's stud career, and it is well, he has left such representatives as Lord Foote and Prince Foote to carry on the strain.

MANCHESTER NOVEMBER HANDICAP.

How rapidly the season is drawing to a close, is brought home to one by the publication of the weights for the Manchester November Handicap. The going is usually very heavy towards the end of November, consequently candidates with a moderate burden hold a big advantage. At first glance, Simonson (97lbs) Specifical (161 lbs) and Vedanta (111 lbs) appear well in, and should submit (112 lbs) run, this entrant will find support. Another very probable favourite, is Old Chins (113lbs) and on the grounds of "horses for courses," this good stayer deserves to be watched.

IN GENERAL.

E. Barry showed fine form in a £100 professional sculling handicap on the Thames, during the week and qualified for third prize in the final from the scratch mark.

The M. C. C. team of cricketers sails from Southampton to-morrow. The eight professionals are representative of England's best, but more of the six amateurs can be said to do so, while the weakest link in the chain is Leveson-Gower, who unfortunately, has been given the captaincy.

A. G. Shepherd of Royesse School, Abingdon, won the 100 yards at the Oxford Freshmen's Sports in 10 3-5secs, and he ought to prove useful to the Dark Blues.

E. Diggle (rec. 4,000) looks likely to easily defeat C. Hawerson (rec. 5,000) in the second heat of the Burroughes-Watts billiard tournament and during the week he has made a break of 399.

Lacrosse slowly gains in popular favour, and this splendid game will no doubt take the prominence in deserves in England some day. Chief of last Saturday's matches were the Kent v. Middlesex, and Surrey v. Essex fixtures, the first named winning in each case.

J. H. Taylor showed good form in a 36 holes strike competition on the Purley Down Golf course last Saturday and defeated, J. Kinnell, H. Vardon and J. Braid in the order named.

PALITANA NOTES.

THIS year's Diwali witnessed many interesting functions at Palitana through the energetic efforts of its administrator, Mr. W. Tudor Owen. First and foremost was the Diwali cattle show held on the 12th instant wherein numbers of good cattle were exhibited and the show was a grand success. The chief part was taken by K.S. Lukdheerji of Morvi. Next in order, on the evening of the 13th, was the children's fete wherein merry-go-rounds, fire works, magician's tricks and such other recreations, preceded by a feast of sweetmeat to all children and distribution of saris to the girls of the Girls' School, made the minor Thakor Saheb's new Hawa Mehel Palace very lively. The kind and sympathetic nature of Mrs. Owen added to the success. In the morning of Nov. 14th inst. there was a Kutcheri at the Durbar palace whereat the Officers, Bhayads, and Raiyats presented their Nazars to their Thakor Saheb. In the evening there were races wherein Bhayads and Patels took an active part. These races were followed by several others wherein Tongawallas, Carmen, Bharwads, Patels, and Doolibearers showed wonderful zeal. Prizes in the form of cash and silver cups were given to the winners.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS, NOVEMBER 23.—Major Roome, 37th Lancers, from England.
Capt Goodbody, I M S, from England.
Lieut Pearse, 6th Gurkha Rifles, from England.
Capt Wyede, Mil Accts, from England.
Lieut Trew, R E, from England.
Maj Macqnord, 20th W H, from England.
Maj Mercer, 86th Carnatic Inf, from Secunderabad.
Bt Col Glanville R E, from England.
Capt Boyd, 13th Lancers, from England.
Capt Trueman, 43rd Erinpura Regt from England.
Maj Hilliard, S and T C. from Secunderabad.

DEPARTURES, NOVEMBER 23.—Lieut Shepherd, 53rd Sikhs to Jullundar.
Lieut Sparling, 57th Rifles to Bannu.
Maj Davie, D A A G to Nowshera.
Maj Carden, 15th Sikhs to England.
Lieut Smith, 2nd Gurkhas to England.
Capt Sune, 4th Gurkhas to Bakloh.
Col Waldron, 16th Cav to Lucknow.
Maj Hogg, 8th Cav to Ambala.
Maj Magrath, 57th Sikhs to England.
Lieut Malet, 8th Hus to England.
Capt Athburner Bde Maj to Nasirabad.
Capt Boyd, 13th Lancers to Loralai.
Capt Wyede, Mil Accts to Rawalpindi.
Maj Roome, 37th Lancers to Lahore.
Lieut Pearse, 6th Gurkhas Rifles to Abbotabad.
Maj Mercer, 86th C Inf to England.
Lieut-Col Glanville, R E to Quetta.
Capt Trueman, 43rd Erinpura Regt to Erinpura.

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

Captain L. V. Roche, N. D. 76th Company Royal Garrison Artillery, is transferred to No. 52 Company at Aden and Captain C. A. Lyon is posted to No. 76th Company, Fort William.

Major F. H. Metcalfe, Royal Garrison Artillery, from the Gunnery Staff course is posted to No. 81st Company, Royal Garrison Artillery Quetta.

Lieutenant Cameron York and Lancaster Regiment retires to serve in the Special Reserve.

Captain Burst Highland Light Infantry has been appointed Recruiting Staff Officer Glasgow.

Captain H. R. Benson, No

THE LORDS AND THE BUDGET.

MEMORABLE DEBATE OPENS.

A Thirteen Word Speech.

LORD LANSDOWNE LEADS THE ATTACK.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, NOVEMBER 22.

Animated scenes took place in the purlieus of the House of Lords to-day. There was a record attendance of Peers, many of whom were unknown in the House and were carefully scrutinised by the police. The galleries were packed with members of the Diplomatic Corps and distinguished visitors, including the King of Portugal.

Lord Crewe formally moved the second reading of the Finance Bill, in thirteen words, thus clearly indicating the Government's position.

Lord Lansdowne remarked that the memorable debate had already produced one incident, namely, that Lord Crewe had not offered a single word of explanation. His silence meant that the Lords had no concern with this important matter, but the Bill was unprecedented and the Lords should not take the responsibility for it until the people desired it to become law. Lord Lansdowne went on :—"If their action was unreasonable, so was the Budget. He deprecated the introduction of the Land and Licensing clauses and asked what was to prevent Home Rule being introduced into the Budget? By common consent the Lords were entitled to deal with land valuation and licenses in 1907-08. It was now argued that they were debarred from dealing with the same matters, in more drastic forms, because they were included in the Budget. No self-respecting Second Chamber would tolerate such treatment. Their clear duty was not to decree the final extinction of the Bill, but to insist that the opinion of the electors should be obtained before it became law. His Lordship declared that the Land Clauses were based on a socialistic fallacy, on which the Government were acting, but which they had not the courage to avow. The Budget was a confession that the possibilities of a financial system based on free imports, were virtually exhausted. The Lords had considered the consequences of rejection and were ready to face them. (Applause). As regards the threat that there would be a financial deadlock, Lord Lansdowne said he did not doubt that Lord Crewe had up his sleeve a nice little scheme to tide over temporary difficulties. The Opposition on their side would do their utmost to mitigate inconvenience, Lord Lansdowne then proceeded to a detailed criticism of the Budget proposals."

Lord Loreburn said that though the letter of the law undoubtedly enabled the Lords to reject the Budget, it had been so modified by usage and custom that rejection would be unconstitutional. "We are invited, in effect, to overthrow the Constitution. If we fail at the election it will only be the beginning of a conflict which can end in only one way. If we succeed, we shall not flinch from what will have to follow."

Lord Halsbury said the Lords were acting both legally and constitutionally.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 23.

The Lords' debate on the Budget has been adjourned. Thirty-five Unionist and eighteen Liberal Peers have intimated their intention of speaking. It is possible that the debate will be prolonged to Friday.

Mr. McKenna, speaking at Griffithstown last night, said he would rather return to the Stuarts that submit to a despotic oligarchy. He had no doubt that the Liberals would obtain a sweeping majority at the General Election. They would then muzzle the Lords and end their unconstitutional claims.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, in an interview, said he believed that the Unionists would regain the position they held prior to 1906.

NAVAL APPOINTMENT.

New Admiral of the Home Fleet.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 23.

The *Standard* states that Rear-Admiral Sturdee, formerly Chief of Staff under Lord Charles Beresford, who was mentioned in the recent correspondence between Lord Charles and Mr. Asquith, has been appointed to succeed Rear-Admiral Briggs of the Home Fleet.

THE COTTON TRADE.

Continued Shrinkage.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 23.

Mr. Charles Macara has received a letter from the President of the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association stating that the consumption of cotton in the Southern territories of America has diminished twenty per cent. as compared with last year. It is stated at Milan that the Italian mill-owners have agreed to shut for one day each week.

OPIUM IN CHINA.

Progress of the Abolition Reform.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 23.

Reuter wires from Peking that reports received by the British Legation with regard to the suppression of the Opium Traffic show that progress had been made in the Northern Provinces and Yunnan and Kwangtung, some little progress in the Central Provinces, but very little in Szechuan, Kweichou, and Shensi.

CHINA'S CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM.

Signs of Coming Storm.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, NOVEMBER 23.

The *Times*, in a leading article, discusses somewhat sceptically the practical prospects of China's constitutional programme. It says that loud resistance to central Government which is heard in provincial assemblies may be the first notes of the coming storm.

INDIAN PRIVY COUNCILLOR SWORN.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 23.

Syed Ameer Ali has been sworn as Privy Councillor in the presence of Lord Morley. He will become a member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

GOLD SHIPMENT TO INDIA.

350,000 Sovereigns from Egypt.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 23.

Three hundred and fifty thousand sovereigns are being shipped to India from Egypt.

THE QUEEN OF SPAIN.

Visit to London.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 23.

The Queen of Spain has started for London to see her brother Leopold who is suffering from complications following on influenza.

INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

Mr. Polak has just received the following telegram from Johannesburg :—Recently Mr. Rustomji, Vice-President of the Natal Indian Congress and one of the principal Indian merchants in South Africa, who is now serving a sentence of six months' imprisonment with hard labour as a passive resister, was transferred by waggon from Johannesburg jail to Dikloof prison handcuffed and fettered.

Mr. R. M. Sodha has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment with hard labour, and Imam Abdul Kader Bawazeer, Chairman of Hamidia Islamic Society, and Mr. Mahomed Ibrahim Kankey have gone to jail for three months.

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 23.

At the Tanjore District Conference the following resolution was passed regarding the Indians in Transvaal :—"That this Conference expresses its sympathy with the heroic suffering of the persecuted Transvaal Indians in their admirable struggle for securing just and humane treatment there, and while entering its most emphatic protests against the heart-rending indignities our countrymen are being put to, join with the voice of all India in praying that the Imperial Government will intercede on their behalf and get their status early improved as subjects of H. M's. Empire. This Conference further offers its sincere thanks to Mr. Polak for his self-sacrificing efforts to ameliorate their condition."

THE GULAB BANO CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 23.

The *Pioneer*, discussing the close of the Gulab Bano case, remarks that one pleasant feature of the final act was the exchange of compliments between the Punjab Chief Court and Legal representative of the Local Government and in regard to the fact that Gulab Bano was dead before the Chief Court judgment was delivered the *Pioneer* proceeds to say it is curious that this not unimportant detail was not mentioned in the resolution recently issued. It would have been better also perhaps had the resolution in question clearly set forth the nature of the enquiry that had been held. The Lieutenant-Governor is satisfied that the consultation of certain medical and police officers was sufficient for the purpose but the Hon'ble Judges are evidently of opinion that something more was needed. We have no desire to reopen the case and we are far from believing that any injustice has been done by the methods of investigation pursued, but if this case has proved anything at all it has shown the necessity of closer co-operation between the judicial and executive powers of the State. An enquiry, to be thoroughly satisfactory, should be conducted on judicial lines. The Courts should be asked to state a case for investigation and should be consulted, perhaps, in the appointment of the presiding officer. Subsequent investigations need not be any less searching because the proceedings are not to be made public. The great object, after all, to be secured is that while wrong doing should always be severely dealt with the good name of the Government should not suffer in the process of punishing a few guilty persons.

CHARGES UNDER ARMS ACT.

Alleged Ringleader in Barrah Dacoity.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, NOVEMBER 23.

Charges under the Arms Act for using an unlicensed gun have been framed against Sasi Sarkar, the alleged ringleader in Barrah dacoity, who is under trial before the Additional Magistrate, Dacca.

Charges have been framed under sections 352 and 426 in the Kishorganj Swadeshi case and judgment is reserved for the 13th instant.

THE HALUDBARI DACOITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

The arrest in connection with the Haludbari dacoity of three weeks ago is reported of Ahindra Nath Ghosh, a law student and graduate of the Calcutta University.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

Visit to Goa.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

VICEROY'S CAMP, LONDA, NOV. 23.

After an interesting journey through picturesque scenery in the Ghats with dense vegetation rolling down to the open rice plains surrounded with cocoanuts, groves, and lakes and a river, and the famous Dudh Saggar cascade the Viceregal party reached the terminus of Mormugao. The Viceroy was received by the Governor-General of Portuguese India, the Portuguese Consul-General at Bombay and a brilliant staff, Mrs. Bessone Barto, Miss De Meyrelles and many others. Lady Minto, Lady Antrim and Lady Eileen Elliot were presented with bouquets. After Lord Minto had inspected the Guard of Honour the party embarked on a steamer and proceeded to New Goa. The steamer had been gaily decorated for the occasion and an excellent Band played a choice selection of music during the passage. After rounding the point the steamer entered the harbour being greeted by Royal salutes from the batteries of the ports and the gunboat in the inner harbour. The scene was beautiful in the extreme. Low hills clad with verdure dipped down to the sea fringed with graceful palms and luxuriant bamboos. On the landing of the Viceroy and Lady Minto and His Excellency the Governor-General, the crew of the gunboat manned the yards and the National Anthems of Great Britain and Portugal were played by massed bands. An Address was then presented to which Lord Minto replied in cordial terms dwelling on the ancient friendship between the two nations. A move was then made to the old Palace where a reception was held in the great halls whose walls were hung with lifelike portraits of past Governor-Generals beginning with Albuquerque, Vasco de Gama, and other great historic names, and the beautiful sarcophagus of St. Francis Xavier were duly admired. On return to Panjim farewells were exchanged and as the steamer moved from its moorings Lord Minto called for three cheers for His Excellency the Governor-General, their kind and hospitable host which were enthusiastically reciprocated from the shore. The arrangements throughout were excellent and the prevailing friendliness made the visit to Goa a truly delightful incident in a memorable tour. The party then proceeded to the new Palace where the elite of Goa Society had been bidden to meet Their Excellencies. After a sumptuous luncheon His Excellency the Governor-General proposed the health of the King-Emperor to which Lord Minto replied proposing the health of the King of Portugal. This was followed by toasts to the Viceroy of British India and the Governor-General of Portuguese India couched in terms of warm friendship, Lord Minto laying stress on the fact that the meeting of the two Governor-Generals in Goa nearly coincided with the visit of His Majesty King Manuel to England. Old Goa was then visited and the grand old churches.

The Punjab Muslim League have sent a telegram to the Viceroy expressing abhorrence at the Ahmedabad outrage and offering congratulation to Their Excellencies on having escaped injury, and have received a reply from the Private Secretary.

THE AHMEDABAD INCIDENT.

A large and representative public meeting of the citizens of Ahmedabad was held on Friday evening to express abhorrence at the dastardly attempt made on the life of H. E. Lord Minto. The hall in which the meeting was held was densely crowded with people of all classes and communities.

Sirdar Chinubhoy Madhowlal, C.I.E., was voted to the chair and in opening the proceedings said that the dastardly attempt on the life of their popular Viceroy during his short visit to this city had brought humiliation upon them. Gujarat and Gujaratis were well known for their law-abiding and peaceful character. Gujarat had been free from such crime as anarachism and it had been their pride that such an occurence would never take place in Gujarat but much to their chagrin their hope had been falsified, and it had stained the good fame of Gujarat.

After resolutions condemning the dastardly act had been passed, Mr. Barrow, I.C.S., the Commissioner, said that he was present out of the duty that he owed to himself as one of the community that resided in Gujarat and as one anxious to see the shame removed from the province. He was sorry that this thing should have happened in Gujarat. A remark that fell from one of the speakers compelled him to say that the time had now come when loyal and law-abiding citizens might do more than declare their loyalty. This occurrence happened not at night when they were all asleep, not in an obscure corner of the town, but in broad daylight on a public high way near to where innocent children were standing—their own children—any of whom might have been killed. Though firmly believing that the good citizens of Ahmedabad had nothing to do with this dastardly act, he was sure many of them, a fair number of them must have noticed the man do the thing, and any one of them could render invaluable assistance to the authorities by coming forward and helping them.

INDIAN RAILWAY MATTERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

It may not be generally known that the Railways are not doing as well as they should. No doubt their earnings have increased but these are still far behind the record earnings of 1907. The Railway Administrations have on hand a lot of improvements and renewals which cannot be left unfinished. They are now concerned about the question of ways and means and accordingly some of the Railway Administrations which are now charging the minimum rate of fare for first and second class passengers are contemplating the raising of fares for this class of travelling public.

IMPROVING SANGLI.

Opening of a New Peth.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SANGLI, NOVEMBER 22.

The ceremony of opening new Peth by Captain Burke, Administrator, came off this evening, in a splendid and spacious pendal erected for the occasion. Over a thousand persons witnessed the ceremony and great enthusiasm prevailed throughout. The traders in their address, gave entire credit for the branch line and the Peth to the Administrator who, they said, was ever their best friend. Captain Burke replied that they deserved every help given them as they resisted all attempts by neighbouring states to entice them away. He said it was true Swadeshi and praised them for not being deluded by false goods. Refreshments and *pan supari* terminated the proceedings.

THE ALIPORE BOMB APPEAL.

Death Sentences Quashed.

JUSTICE CARNDUFF DISSENTS FROM CHIEF JUSTICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Carnduff delivered judgment to-day in the Alipore Bomb Appeal Case. There were nineteen appellants, one of whom Asoka Chandra Nandy, who was transported for ten years, died before the appeal was heard. Of the remaining eighteen Barindra Kumar Ghose and Ullaskar Dutt were ordered to be hanged. Abinas Chandra Bhattacharji, Bibhuti Bhusan Sarkar, Hem Chandra Das, Hrishi Kesh Kanjilal, Indra Nath Nandi, Indu Bhusan Roy, Sailendra Nath Bose, Sudhir Kumar Bose and Upendra Nath Bannerjee were each transported for life as also Birendra Chandra Sen, Balkrishto Harisane, Niranpado Maulik, Sishir Kumar Ghose who are transported for ten years, Sushil Kumar Sen was transported for seven years, Krishna Jiban Sanyal was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

After shortly stating the facts as described by prosecution, the Chief Justice dwelt on various questions of law involved in the case. An objection as to why the trial was not with the aid of a jury was overruled, the next objection that the Sessions Judge had no jurisdiction to try Barindra Kumar Ghose who is a European British subject was also overruled. The third objection was about the jurisdiction of the Sessions Judge to try the accused on charges under Section 121 without Government sanction. Under this section Barindra Kumar Ghose and Ullaskar Dutt were sentenced to be hanged. The Chief Justice held that the Judge had no jurisdiction to include Section 121 and also on the merits it was held no offence under that Section was committed. The objection about the misjoinder of parties failed as regards the recording of confessions which were recorded before the enquiry commenced. His Lordship dealt with the evidence, both oral and documentary. After dealing with several objections raised by the defence at great length the Chief Justice took up individual cases discussing the evidence against each appellant separately. His Lordship confirmed the conviction under Section 121 A passed on Barindra Kumar Ghose and Ullasker Dutt and set aside the convictions under Sections 121 and 122. The Chief Justice continued to deal with the cases of the confessing prisoners and found all of them namely Upendra Banerjee, Indra Bhusan Roy, Bibhuti Bhusan Sarkar, Hrisikesh Kanjilal and Sudhir Kumar Sircar members of a conspiracy and convicted each of them under Section 121 A. His Lordship next took the cases of non-confessing prisoners.

The Chief Justice convicted Hem Chandra Dass, Poresh Mallick Sisir Ghose, Nirapado Roy, Abinash Bhattacharjee under 21 A as members of a conspiracy and the rest were acquitted. In passing the sentences the Chief Justice considered the educational qualification and status in society of the accused. Barin Ghose, Ullaskar Dutt and Upendra Nath Bannerjee were considered actual manufacturers of bombs and were sentenced each to transporation for life. Their Lordships sentenced Bhibuti Bhusan Sarkar, Hrishikesh Kanjilal, Indu Bhusan Roy each to ten years' transportation, Sudhir Sarkar Poresh Malik and Abinash Bhattacharjee each to seven years' transportation, Nirapada Roy and Sishir Ghose were each sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment. The Chief Justice acquitted Indra Nath Nandi, Sailen Bose, Birendra Sen, Balkrishna Hari Kane, Sushil Kumar Sen and Krishnajiban Sanyal.

Mr. Justice Carnduff agreed with the Chief Justice in respect of prisoners who were convicted, but differed in respect of those who were acquitted and delivered separate judgment convicting them. The result would be that their cases will be referred to a third Judge and will be reheard.

His Lordship held Barin had relinquished that right and Sessions Judge had complete jurisdiction to dispose of cases. It was next argued that there was no jurisdiction to take cognisance of different sections under 121, 121A and 122. On 19th May a complaint was presented to Mr. Birley under those sections by Inspector Biswas stating that permission had been given to him by the Government of Bengal to prosecute certain persons under certain sections which included 121, 121A, 122, 123 and 124. The Chief Justice held the sanction of local Government should be specifically directed to particular section and order or authority should be preceded by a deliberate determination that proceedings should be taken in respect of a particular section. Although the local Government had not before it all details of evidence afterwards adduced, it must have been aware of facts on which reliance was now placed as regards the charge under 121 and yet the order did not recite that section; the notice or authority to complain did not mention section 121 A. The true reading of the order was that it was not intended to cover section 121. The result was that the Court of Sessions had no jurisdiction to convict appellants in the first batch under that section. The case did not fail merely for lack of jurisdiction. On merits also, there was no evidence that the offence charged under that section had been proved. After dealing with several other points the Chief Justice dealt with individual cases.

In passing sentence the Chief Justice remarked the question of punishment is one of considerable difficulty. Those who have been convicted are not ordinary criminals. They are for the most part men of educations of strong religious instincts and in some case, of considerable force of character. At the same time they have been convicted of some of the most serious offences against the State in that they have inspired war against the King and the punishment must be in proportion to the gravity of the offence.

Mr. Justice Carnduff differed in the cases of Birendra Chandra Sen, Indra Nath Nandy, Susil Kumar Sen and Krishna Jiban Sanyal who were acquitted by the Chief Justice and in course of a separate judgment observed that although the search list was not prepared methodically there was no doubt that the discoveries and searches were genuine. He agreed with the Chief Jutice as regards the finding that the confessions made by the accused were admissible, as to the voluntary character of the confessions there would not be any doubt. His Lordship further observed that the confessing prisoners had been in police custody for a time. He was of opinion that those appellants were free agents and the confessions made by them were voluntary. His Lordship said a few words regarding one or two points. As regards the question of regarding the subjects right to be tried by a jury composed of twelve men of his own peers the procedure was unknown in India. As regards the meaning of waging war, his Lordship was of opinion that it must be taken in ordinary sense and therefore there could not be any death sentence passed on the appellants. Their Lordships ordered Balkrishna Hari Kane to be discharged at once.

The Chief Justice in the course of his judgment which took him nearly four hours in delivering said that the appellant Asoke Chunder Nundy having died since the institution of these appeals, there are present before the Court only eighteen appellants, all of whom had been convicted under Chapter VI. of the Indian Penal Code. Two of the appellants Barindra Kumar Ghose and Ullaskar Dutt were convicted under sections 121, 121 A. and 122 of the Indian Penal Code and sentenced to death. Eight of them were convicted under section 121, 121A and 122 of the Indian Penal Code and sentenced to transportation for life. Abinash Chander Bhattacherjee was convicted under section 121 and 121 A and sentenced to transportation for life. Sailendra Bose was convicted under 121 A and 122 and sentenced to transportation for life. Poresh Chunder Mullick, Sisir Kumar Ghose and Nirapada Roy were convicted under 121 A and 122 and sentenced each to transportation for ten years. Susil Kumar Sen and Balkrishna Hari Kane were convicted under 121A and sentenced to seven years' transportation while Krishna Jiban Sanyal was convicted under 121 A and sentenced to one year's imprisonment. On all except the last three the additional penalty had been imposed of forfeiture of their property. Appellants were convicted and sentenced by the Additional Sessions Judge of Alipore who heard the case with assessors. Both the assessors considered Barindra, Ullasker, Upendra, Bibhuti and Harishikesh guilty of offences under section 121, while one of them was further of opinion that Poresh was also guilty under the same section.

After reviewing the facts the Chief Justice said the period covered by the charge was described as about twelve months preceding May 1907 and the scene was laid in various parts of Bengal including gardens at Muraripukur Road. It was said the public first came to know of the Secret Society in April 1907. On 2nd May 1908 the police surrounded and entered the garden and arrested several persons. In support of appeals the appellants had urged that convictions were bad in law and further that they were not justified by the evidence on record. Several legal objections had been advanced against the appeals now under consideration. Objection had been taken that Barindra being a European British subject, the Magistrate was bound to commit him to the High Court. It was admitted that Barin was a European British subject, but it was intimated that he had waived his right as such. His Lordship held that the first four points raised had been covered by the decision of this Court in case of King vs. Kyros.

The judgment which covers 485 pages, took from eleven this morning to three in the afternoon to read. A number of extra police were on duty about the Court, and few but lawyers and members of the press were admitted into the precincts, but there was no demonstration or sign of excitement of any kind outside. The police made elaborate arrangements. The whole Court-house was lined by Indian Constables and European Sergeants; in the corriders special European Guards under charge of an European officer were posted to prevent undesirable persons from entering the room. The Commissioner of Police and other police officers and a number of European Sergeants guarded the Court-room which was crowded with a large number of lawyers and others. The accused whose cases are to be submitted to a third Judge are all acquitted by the Chief Justice and it is in regard to this acquittal that Mr. Justice Carnduff has differed. The judgment opened by announcing that their Lordships had decided that the charges under Section 121 (waging war etc.) could not be upheld on the ground that sanction had not been given by the Government of Bengal and that if sanction had been given the evidence would not have supported the charges. In regard to the confession of Baren Ghose, the Chief Justice overruled all the objections made to its admission by the defence, and said it was clearly a voluntarily made confession and must be accepted as evidence.

MURDERS AT HYDERABAD.

Two Women Victims.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, NOVEMBER 23.

Hyderabad is of late gaining an unenviable notoriety for the number of murders which have been committed in the City, two within the space of two or three days. A very brutal murder was committed by a man named Mahbub Ali who, having reason to doubt the fidelity of his wife, cut her throat with a sword inflicting such ghastly wounds as to cause instant death. The murderer afterwards gave himself up to the police. In the afternoon of the same day it was discovered that a most diabolical murder had been perpetrated, the victim was a young woman about 20 years old whose body had been cut up into three pieces. The head was tied up separately and part of the trunk into a second bundle and thrown into a disused well on Birbhans ground. Some boys happened to be playing near the well and the saw the bundles floating in the water and information was given to the police and the Kotwal of the city with the Coroner were soon on the scene. An inquest was held on the remains, after which they were inspected by the Police Surgeon. The police are actively engaged in tracing the perpetrator or perpetrators and seeking for the parents or relatives of the unfortunate victim.

THE NEW COUNCILS.

Representation for Indian Christians.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 23.

A non-Christian, writing to the *Madras Mail* about no separate representation being provided for the Indian Christians in the Reform Scheme concludes as follows :—"When all communities have to be represented as well as conciliated it may be considered to be a serious drawback in the paternal solicitude of Government to let go unrepresented the Indian Christians who are more cultured than the average native and who are known to be the progressive community with liberal ideas."

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

Mr. W. J. Bradshaw stands for election to the Bengal Council for the Calcutta Trades Association.

THE HITABADI SEDITION CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate has rejected the application of the priuter of the *Hitabadi* newspaper, now under trial for sedition, that he may be committed to the Sessions and tried by a jury.

FRAUDS ON THE BANK OF BENGAL.

Conviction of an Agra Merchant Confirmed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 23.

Mr. H. W. Lyle, Sessions Judge, Agra, has just disposed of two criminal appeals connected with certain alleged frauds relating to the Agra Branch of the Bank of Bengal. It appears that the Bank has a system whereby it advances money to traders against goods deposited by traders in a godown belonging to the Bank. In this case Radha Rawan, representing the firm of Radha Rawan Sham Sunder, had a cash credit account with the Bank. The bond was last renewed on the 6th February 1909 and was to run on till the 5th May 1909. The bond authorised a cash credit of Rs. 23,000 subject to the provision that the Bank's advance should never be more than 75 per cent. of the value of the goods deposited. Goods were left in the godown belonging to the Bank in Belanganj in the city of Agra. The keys of the godown were kept by the godown clerk, Bankey Lal. On the 29th March 1909, Mr. Carbery, the Agent of the Bank, inspected the godown and everything seemed to be in order on that date. He next inspected the godown on the 4th April. On this occasion he noticed large deficiencies. He took away the keys and later in the day went again to the godown with Mr. Gilbert, Accountant, to satisfy himself still further about the deficiencies. On the 5th April Mr. Gilbert took a careful stock of the goods actually in the godown, and it was found that the deposits of several of traders were short and in the case of Radha Rawan's deposit the deficiency was very large. Radha Rawan was prosecuted on a charge under section 379 I. P. C. and tried by Mr. H. G. Haig, I. C. S., the Joint Magistrate of Agra. He held that the evidence was sufficient for a conviction on this charge and although it might be urged technically that he did not remove the goods section 114 I. P. C. covered this defect and made him guilty of the offance itself. The Joint Magistrate was of opinion that a heavy sentence was called for in view of the value of the property stolen and as example to deter others from various forms of commercial dishonesty and he sentenced Radha Rawan to two years' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 or in default six months' additional rigorous imprisonment. Bankey Lal, the Bank clerk, was next placed on his trial on a charge of criminal breach of trust and he was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment on conviction on a charge under section 408 I. P. C. Both accused persons appealed to the Sessions Judge who agreed generally in the conclusions arrived at by the Courts below. The Judge reduced the term of imprisonment in the case of Radha Rawan to one of six months' and that in the case of Bankey Lal to one of nine months' rigorous imprisonment. With this modification the appeals were dismissed and the convictions and sentences affirmed.

OLD AGE PENSIONS IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

The Secretary of State for India has been pleased to decide that the pensions of widows of European soldiers of the late East Indian local forces which are now granted at 2½d., 3d., 4½d a day (Army Regulations and in Volume 1, paragraph 889) shall be increased to 4s. 6d. a week with effect from 1st March 1909, subject to the condition that should a widow be residing in a country in which old age pensions are granted them the pension from Indian revenues will revert to the former rate of 2 1/2d 3d. or 4 1/2d., a day as the case may be from the date on which she attain the age at which old age pensions are granted.

THE AMERICAN TOURISTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

A number of the "Cleveland" tourists have arrived at Calcutta overland and a party of a hundred and forty are expected from Benares to-morrow, most of whom go on to Darjeeling. The "Cleveland" lands her passengers at Diamond Harbour on arriving and Mr. Albani has arranged for a special train to take a hundred of them direct to Benares. The remainder meanwhile are visiting the sights of Calcutta.

MR. ROMESH CHUNDER DUTT.

Reported Seriously Ill.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

The *Empire* reports that Mr. R. C. Dutt, has been very seriously ill, but is somewhat better.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Arrival of Mr. Craddock.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR, NOVEMBER 22.

Mr. R. H. Craddock, Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, returned from leave this morning, and took charge of C. P. Administration this forenoon from Mr. Phillips. Mr. Craddock was warmly received at the railway station, and as soon he got down from the train a salute of the usual guns was fired from the Sitabaldi Fort.

ACQUITTALS ON APPEALS IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, NOVEMBER 22.

Before the District Judge to-day the appeal in the Baira shooting case was dismissed.

In the Mandhyapara dacoity case the appellants Upendra Chandra Chakravarty and Jogadesh Mullik are acquitted. Upendra Chandra Chakravarty remains under arrest in connecton with the Rajendrapur train dacoity case.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

DEATH OF MR. W. FRITH, R.A.

A Free Trade Play by Lady Bell.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, NOVEMBER 5.

The world of art has heard with deep regret of the death in his ninety-first year, of Mr. W. P. Frith, R. A., the famous painter. His illness was but of short duration. As recently as Thursday week, in the enjoyment of his usual health, he was giving a little dinner party to commemorate the birthday of his eldest son, Mr. Charles Frith. On Friday, he went for his daily walk, for he was still most active, in spite of his great age, always taking an hour's walk every day. Afterwards he seems to have caught a chill, and very speedily pneumonia set in. He was attended by Dr. Morton, his family medical adviser, his old and valued friend, Sir William Allchin, and his son-in-law, Dr. Hastings being summoned in consultation. For nearly two days before the end came, Mr. Frith was unconscious, almost his last conscious utterance "I am very ill." Mr. Frith attributed the great age he had attained to early rising and to regular habits. He was a great smoker, and enjoyed everything. But to more than all, perhaps, his robust old age was due to his contented mind and to his sunny nature. A sunnier natured man never lived. Mr. Frith's last original work as an artist was a portrait of himself, which is still with the family, and his last work of all, completed twelve months ago last winter, was he finishing touch which he gave to a replica of one of his earlier pictures, "Many Happy Returns of the Day," which contains the portraits of many members of his own family as children.

CANDID SELF-CRITICISM.

"I know very well that I never was, nor under any circumstances could have become, a great artist; but I am a very successful one." That is Mr. Frith's candid summarisation of himself in his "Autobiography and Reminiscences." It was just the good-humoured, unaffected, common-sensible thing that Mr. Frith might have been expected to say, and it is well to remember that he said it. Censure may not be undeserved by the taste which led the authorities to pay a sensational price for "The Derby Day," and select it for such immortality as a neglected National Gallery can bestow. But if hard words may be used about that, as an unconscious satire upon the average artistic standpoint of this country, the blame must be rightly directed. Too many are apt to condemn the man who produces work of no very exalted kind simply because others persist in regarding it as something much more than it is, or than its author claims it to be. To sneer at Mr. Frith because his work was not Art with a big A is only a few degrees less bad than to sneer at journalism for not being Literature with a big L, or at a melody for not being Wagner. The elect can keep aloof from these cheaper delights, and for those who are not above them it is good that they should be done effectively. Mr. Frith as a painter certainly pleased nine-tenths of his fellow-countrymen, possibly not the best tenths, but nine of them as against the chosen one. He never "elevated" them in the least, no doubt, but he gave them enjoyment, and, after all, even enjoyment must be allowed to count.

RECORD PRICES.

William Powell Frith was born at Studley, near Ripon, on January 9, 1819, and was educated at Knaresborough, and St. Margaret's, Dover. In his Reminiscences, one of the most genial and entertaining books of a season on record he gives a gay account of the causes which led him to adopt painting as a profession. As a child, he drew "a beast whose species was left undetermined," the main object of the performance being to postpone the hour of bedtime. But it much impressed his father, who resolved that the boy should be made into an artist, whereas he had himself decided in his infant mind to be an auctioneer, that calling attracting him by its appearance of business. At sixteen he entered Mr. Sass's school of art, where he continued for three years. The first acceptance was at the British Institution in 1838, when he exhibited a portrait of one of Mr. Sass's children. Thereafter came "Othello and Desdemona," "Malvolio before the Countess Olivia," "Parting interview between Leicester and Amy Robsart," scenes from the "Sentimental Journey" and "Vicar of Wakefield" and the "Village Pastor." This last (1845) won him his A. R. A., and thenceforward he dropped the British Institution with the exception of 1852, when he exhibited "Wicked Eyes" there. "English Marrymaking a Hundred Years ago" in 1847 started him fairly upon his series of large popular, figure-crammed pictures, of which "Coming of age," two years later, was the first of his big successes. In 1852 he became an R. A. In 1854 he produced his "Ramsgate Sands," which was purchased by Queen Victoria, and in 1858 the famous "Derby Day." Then for four years Mr. Frith was not much before the public, being busily engaged upon his "Railway Station," for which he eventually received the enormous price of £4,500, with £750 more for the right of exhibition. In 1865 came "The Marriage of their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales and the Princess Alexandra of Denmark, in St. George's Chapel, Windsor, March 10, 1863," painted for the Queen. Mr. Frith's "Reminiscences" contain some most amusing anecdotes of his experiences, while he was engaged upon painting what a youthful Prince, who is now Kaiser Wilhelm II., called "Uncle Wales's Wedding." The next great success was "Before Dinner at Boswell's Lodgings in Bond-street, 1769," which made at auction £4,057, up to that time the record figure bid for any living artist's work. Of his later pictures "The Private View of the Royal Academy" and the "Road to Ruin" series are the most famous. On his eighty-ninth birthday Mr. Frith was summoned to Buckingham Palace, and invested by the King with the insignia of a Commander of the Victorian Order. He showed his wonderful vitality by walking part of the way from his villa in St. John's Wood. Mr. Frith greatly valued the honour conferred upon him.

THIS WEEK'S CONCERTS.

Concert-goers are having plenty of choral music this week. The Queen's Hall Choral Society on Tuesday was followed by the London Choral Society last night. Last night's concert began with Mr. Granville Bantock's festal arrangement of "God save the King," in which the old anthem is decked out effectively enough with all sorts of "Kaisermarsch"-like fanfares and other instrumental trappings; after which came a new cause "Sursum Corda," by Margaret Meredith, for soloists, chorus, and orchestra. Many of the composer's earlier and lighter essays have found considerable favour, and in this more ambitious effort she reveals the same high purpose and serious endeavour which have characterised all her previous work. Without being profoundly original her music is melodious, expressive, and appropriately elevated in character, while having further a ring of spontaneity and sincerity too often lacking in works of this order. The work, which is of considerable extent, and might, indeed, be shortened with advantage, obtained an excellent performance, with Miss Eaneta Truscott, Miss Phyllis Lett, and Mr. Gervase Elwes in the solo parts, and was very cordially received. "The Dream of Gerontius" followed, and this went very well too, Miss Lett and Mr. Elwes being joined in this case by Mr. Meux, while Mr. Fogge was, of course, the conductor in each instance the band was the London Symphony [illegible]ra. In the afternoon, at the Queen's Hall, [illegible] a good audience again for his second [illegible] gave of his best, in a programme consisting wholly familiar works and including no few[illegible] three concertos—namely, Viotti in A minor, Saint-Saens in B minor, and Max Bruch in G minor, Truth to tell, indeed, so much concerto music was rather a mistake—that is, in the absence of an orchestra—for, with the best will in the world, it is impossible to accept a piano accompaniment as a satisfactory substitute for a band, especially in modern works, such as the two last-named, in which the part played by the orchestra is so important. What would one say, for instance, to a piano concerto with the orchestral part played on another piano? Yet the thing would be hardly at all more incongruous. A much better plan was that adopted by M. Ysaye, some time ago, in joining forces with a first-class pianist such as M. Pugno, and giving with him ideal performances of proper violin and piano music. However, when Ysaye is actually playing it is hard to feel very critical, and if anyone could make concertos acceptable under such conditions he is certainly the one to do it—to which it is only fair to add that Mr. Charlton Keith did all that was possible with the piano accompaniments, and

was gracefully called on by Ysaye to share in the applause at the end of the recital At the Beckstein Hall Mr. Harold Bauer gave those who attended his second recital a comparatively short programme, but everything was good, as also was his playing of it. Mr. Bauer is one of those fine artists—and to their credit, be it said, there are not a few of them—whose methods are so wholly artistic, and so free from the smallest trace of showmanship, that they are apt to be rated at a good deal less than their true worth by the "motley, merchandising mob," always agape for "ad captandum" tricks. He has his reward, however, in the undiluted admiration of the more discerning, who have long since appreciated the fact that he can always be relied upon for performances of the soundest and most satisfying order, though these epithets are by no means intended to imply that his playing is in the least degree stodgy or lacking in verve. Far from it, for Mr. Bauer is one of the most brilliant executants before the public to-day. But his virtuosity is always kept in its proper place. The least familiar thing in his programme yesterday was Brahms's set of waltzes (Op. 39), originally written for four hands, which are seldom heard in the concert-room, and which, to tell the truth, are better suited, despite their many happy pages, for performance at home than in public. Mr. Bauer played them perfectly, however, yesterday, and was induced to repeat one of them—the last but one, in A—by way of an encore-piece at the end.

JOHN BULL'S MARKET.

Last winter Mrs. Alfred Mond founded a Free Trade play upon Dickens's "Christmas Carol." This week there has been produced at the Caxton Hall another telling little dramatic piece, "John Bull's Market," written on behalf of the cause of Free Trade by Lady Bell. Lady Bell has contrived to compress into two short scenes, which take barely three-quarters of an hour in acting, all the salient points and facts which make up the case for Free Trade versus Protection. For the purposes of her play Lady Bell has chosen six typical characters. There is John Bull himself represented by Mr. James Annand; Free Trade, personated by Mr. Stuart Roland; Protection by Mr. A. E. Onslow; A. Trader and A Shopmaid, a dual part played by Mr. Elgert; and a workman Bill Craik, and his wife, which characters are played by Mr. Lewis and Miss Hugolin Hawels. The play opens in a universal store kept by John Bull, with Free Trade as manager. John is quite satisfied with the prosperous way in which business is going on until Protection comes in and endeavours to induce him to make an alteration. Protection finds it difficult to understand how John Bull does not make any charge for admission to his shop, and there upon ensues some clever dialogue, which ends in Mr. Bull having the best of the argument. Meanwhile, there arrive in the shop Bill Craik and his wife, come to do their daily shopping, she with a big cloth bag, which she is soon enabled to fill with provisions, owing to the prevailing cheapness of prices. The manager, Free Trade, is also there, and the conversation becomes general amongst John himself, Free Trade, Protection, and the Craiks. In the talk and argument which goes on, Lady Bell has dealt most cleverly with a difficult subject, and in simple yet sufficiently terse language has put into the mouths of her characters practically the whole of her case. Poor old John Bull, however, becomes, for the purposes of Lady Bell's excellent little play, torn between the conflicting arguments of Protection and Free Trade. Protection tells him that he is all but ruined, and on his last legs. A little doubtful John thinks there may possibly be some truth in what he is told, although his manager Free Trade does his utmost to dissuade him from believing anything unpleasant about the business of the store. Lady Bell makes an effective curtain for the first scene when John Bull, having capitulated to Protection, dismisses his old and tried manager Free Trade.

AFTER THE CHANGE.

The second scene shows us the interior of the same store with the new manager installed, and a large placard with the words "John Bull's Market: Admission 6d." substituted for "John Bull's Market: Admission Free." The same workman and his wife again come to do their shopping: the same shopman serves them. They proceed, as in other days, to make purchases; but what is their astonishment to find that everything has gone up in price and trade generally slacker! John Bull and his new manager are on the scene, of course; but old John's face no longer bears the same jovial and contented look as of yore, and it is not difficult to see that he rather regrets having made the change.

The Free Trade papers give glowing accounts of the piece. Says "The Westminster Gazette":—It is not an easy thing to turn to such admirable account the complicated and vexed questions which arise in any discussion or debate on the Free Trade versus Protection controversy. Lady Bell has managed, however, to overcome all these difficulties with apparent simplicity; and few better ways can be imagined of bringing the vital principles of this important question to the level of the ordinary man in the street, who, in very many instances, has not even yet quite grasped its essentials, than by the performance of a play such as this. For this reason it is gratifying to know that the Free Trade Union intends to give performances of Lady Bell's play.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY Lt.-Col. E. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 24th November.

532.—Detail for the week ending 27th instant.

To-day, Wednesday 24th inst.—Commanding Officer's Parade.

Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p. m.

Dress.—Drill Order, Uniform with Cape.

Subject.—Outposts, manner of detailing picquets &c. Sections 70-92 Combined Training 1905.

Friday 26th inst.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head Quarters at 6 30 p. m.

533.—Rifle Meeting.—The Programme of the 1st Bn. G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers Rifle Meeting 1909-1910 has been received and can be seen at Head Quarters. Open Event (All Comers) Match, 300 Yards.

534.—The following transfers will take effect from this date:—

No. 5624 Sergt. A. Belton and No. 6082 L/Cpl. J. C. Nicholson, from "I" to "E" Company in the rank of Cyclists.

535.—Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing on Saturday morning 27th.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-5 a.m.

The Range will not be available on Saturday afternoon 27th and Sunday morning 28th.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING, B. V. A.

Bombay, 24th November.

697 PARADE.

No 1 Company.

6" B L Mk VII Gun Drill and Fire Discipline at Middle Ground on Saturday 27th instant.

Launch will leave Apollo Bunder at 4-45 p. m.

Dress—Khaki and Helmets.

698 PARADE.

No 2 Company.

6" B L C Gun Drill at Malabar Battery on Saturday 27th instant.

Fall in at Upper Entrance to Government House at 5.30 p. m.

Dress—Khaki and Helmets.

700 RANGE.

The Ranges at Santa Cruz will be available for Class Firing Spoon Competitions and practice] on Sunday next the 28th inst. Train leaves Churchgate station at 5 45 a. m. and Grant Road Station at 5.56 a.m.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lt., R. A.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE. In 1/- Tins (English Price). Sold everywhere. For Free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., Artillery Lane, London, E. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.

INSTANT RELIEF.

Agents:—H. TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

LAHORE SEDITION CASE.

Prosecution Evidence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 23.

The Lahore sedition cases were taken up yesterday before Mr. Butler, Deputy Commissioner, Lahore, who said that cases were transferred to the file of Mr. Harrison, Assistant Commissioner, who said he could admit Swabaran Singh to bail of Rs. 500 on account of his illness if he could find security. Warrants against Adjutant Singh and Sufi Ambaprasad have not yet been executed as they were still at large. Dunicand, Barrister, applied for bail for Lalchand who was charged with having published seditious books. The Court, however, rejected the application. The cases were again taken up today, Mr. Petman, Government Advocate, represented the Crown. The accused were unrepresented. Lalchand and Swabaran Singh were tried jointly for selling and publishing books named "Kaum Kistareh Banti Hai" meaning "How Nations are made." A Police Inspector who executed the search warrant and a teacher in Islamia School who translated the book were examined. The case was then adjourned to 2nd December.

THE DHARWAR REEFS MINE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 23.

The Dharwar Reefs Company has not yet overcome the metallurgical difficulty in connection with the treatment of its tailings. Shareholders have been informed that the first unit of the new plant for treating trailings which arrived on the Dharwar field on September 13th last has been erected and brought into operation, but unfortunately the results of the trials so far made in bulk have not come up to the expectations based on the experiments conducted in the laboratory of the metallurgical establishment of the Kolar Gold Fields and according to the latest cable the Superintendent has announced that he is by no means sanguine of success with this process. This experiment came as a great disappointment to the directors necessitating the carrying out of further trial in connection with the tailings treatment in the hope of a process being designed which will satisfactorily and profitably extract their gold contents. In order that funds may be available for this important work it has been decided to cut down all mining costs to lowest possible figure and the Superintendent has been informed that unless by the end of the current year a suitable process has been discovered it is probable all mining operations will then be suspended and the remaining funds of the Company set aside for application to the requirements of the work of solving the tailing difficulty. As soon as this has been satisfactorily accomplished the directors hope to be able to make such arrangements as will enable the mine to be further tested in depth which from the most recent developments in the neighbourhood of 1,140 feet level south from Taylor's shaft would certainly appear to warrant.

NEW GENERAL HOSPITAL FOR RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 23.

The Native wards will move into new General Hospital to-morrow and as the remaining wards are being completed they will be occupied by the rest of the patients in the present Hospital. The new institution has cost over twenty lakhs.

MAHARAJA OF VIZIANAGRAM.

Visit to Bombay.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 23.

The Maharajah of Vizianagram arrived at Madras this morning. He will make a short visit to Bombay and will return to Madras in time for the Viceroy's visit.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

Mr. Styan, Superintendent, has returned from leave and is posted to Ajmer.

Mr. James from leave becomes Director of Construction, Calcutta, and Mr. Coode from leave is posted to Lucknow.

BANK OF RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 23.

The Board of Directors of the Bank to Rangoon have decided to open a branch at Bassein, Lower Burma, shortly under the management, J. Hood of the present Chief Accountant, Rangoon.

BABY SHOW IN RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 23.

A baby show is to be held in Rangoon in the latter part of December for the first time. There will be section for European, Chinese and Indian Communities as well as Burmese.

THE AGRA CHRISTIAN CONVENTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AGRA, NOVEMBER 22.

There is still a large gathering in the Convention camp. Amongst the speakers so far have been Revd. D. Mackichan of Bombay, Revd. and Mrs. F. E. Clark of Boston, Revd. W. Huntly of Agra Revd. R. Hume of Ahmednagar, Revd. A. H. Ewing of Allahabad, Revd. H. Haliwell and Revd. C. H. Mattison of Fatehpur.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure refreshed and healthy condition. Delicately perfumed Chemists, Grocers, etc., sell it.

SPORTING NEWS.

MUSKETRY MATCHES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 23.

The following Musketry Matches are open for competition during the year 1909-10.

His Excellency the Viceroy's prices:—His Excellency the Viceroy is pleased to present the following musketry prizes to be completed for by Volunteer Corps; (a) silver cup to be competed for by Railway Volunteer Corps, (b) silver cup to be competed for by Non-railway Volunteer Corps; (c) bronze medals to the members of the winning teams of (a) and (b).

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's prizes:—The Commander-in-Chief is pleased to present the following musketry prizes:—(a) A silver cup for British Regular Troops and Volunteers; (b) a silver cup for Indian troops; (c) the Magdala gold medal for Indian Troops.

The Raja of Nanpara's prizes:—Reference to G.O.C.C. No 407 of 1903 the Nanpara Cavalry cups are open to all British and Indian Cavalry Regiments in India.

The Playfair Cup:—Sir Patrick Playfair has presented a Challenge Cup for competition by Volunteer Corps having an efficient mounted detachment of not less than a troop (36 of all ranks.)

Cawnpore Woollen Mills Companies prizes:—The Cawnpore Woollen Mills Company has been good enough to present a Silver Cup valued Rs. 500 and a purse of Rs. 300 to be competed for by Indian Troops including Imperial Service Troops throughout India. The cup will become the property of the officer's mess and the purse will be divided among the members of the winning team. The corps winning the cup will also hold for the year the Challenge "Troppy" presented by the Company in 1904, (Vide Indian Army Order No. 426 of 1904.)

Brooke Bond Company's prizes:—Messrs. Brooke Bond and Company Limited have been good enough to present a silver challenge cup and purse of Rs. 300 to be competed for annually by the British regular troops throughout India. Should the cup be won three years in succession by the same unit it will become its property. The purse will be divided among the members of the winning team.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, NOVEMBER 23.

The 3rd Sappers and Miners who defeated the Poona Gymkhana the other day met the All Blacks this evening. It was a great game from the beginning to end. When time was up both the teams held a the blank sheet, and even during the extra five minutes each way they were unable to score. The game will be replayed to-morrow.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, NOVEMBER 23.

The disturbance in the bay has failed to develop and there has been no rain in the Peninsula except one and half inches at Cochin. A fall of three-quarters of an inch is reported from Akyab. The skies are clear everywhere except in Burma and the South of the Peninsula.

Forecast—Local rain is likely in the South of the Peninsula.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 23RD NOVEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 23rd November, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in excess at Lahore but normal or in defect elsewhere. Temperature is normal except for an excess at night at Multan and Sirsa.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in excess in Lower Sind and normal elsewhere. Both maximum and minimum temperatures are higher than usual at Jacobabad; the minimum is in defect at Jaipur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. The air is drier in Cutch and Kathiawar and contains the usual amount of moisture elsewhere. Temperature is normal.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect. Maximum temperature is normal but the minimum is in defect at most stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal except for an excess during the day at Ratnagiri.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect. Maximum temperature is normal but the minimum is in defect in Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Thunder-storms have given rain in South Malabar; Calicut records 0·31" and Cochin 1·26". Skies are now heavily clouded at Masulipatam but over the rest of the southern half of the Peninsula cloud has decreased.

A few showers may occur in the extreme south.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

MR. LLOYD-GEORGE HIMSELF AN EXAMPLE OF UNEARNED INCREMENT.

MR. LLOYD-GEORGE does not believe in "unearned increment." He is not quite sure what it means. Like Mr. Ure, the magnanimous Lord Advocate, the gentleman who does not know how to apologise, he believes it to be a disease which afflicts the land and nothing but the land. He does not perceive that he himself is as fine an example of unearned increment as can be discovered. The books of reference tell us that he receives £5,000 a-year from a generous country. What has he done to earn so large a sum? How can he compare his own services to the services of a zealous and intelligent landlord? It is not, in fact, to his own energy or self-sacrifice that he owes his income. He owes it rather to the mere accident of a form of Government. If he had not been returned by his constituents to the House of Commons, had there, indeed, been no House of Commons, there five thousand pounds would not be his. The British democracy was none of his making. Why then should he profit by it? Had he stayed among his own Welsh hills he would have been precisely the same man. But he would not have had £5,000 a-year. Clearly it is a case of unearned increment, and as such it should be handed over to his constituents, or it should be heavily taxed for the profit of the community. More than that: why are not all human brains valued by an expert as the land of the landlords is to be valued? Then we should know precisely what a brain was worth. It would not vary in value any more than the land is to vary. It would be esteemed not by what was in it, or by what it could do. Brain is brain as land is land. And it would be found that Mr. Lloyd-George might profitably be given thirty shillings a week, while the rest of his salary, being unearned increment, should go to the comfort of the poor.—From "Musings without Method," in "Blackwood's Magazine."

AUSTRALIA FOR ANGLO-INDIANS.

Captain F. W. Holden, the Agent in the East for the Immigration League of Australasia, 2 Weston Street, Calcutta, writes:—

We have now received over two thousand applications from prospective Immigrants for the various States of Australia, most of those accepted are being sent to the Mother State, there being a greater demand for labour in Sunny New South Wales at present. The response from almost every class in India has been highly gratifying, but it also has its grimly pathetic side, and has unfolded an insight into the dire state of poverty that exists amongst a section of the European inhabitants in India. The absurdity of attempting to keep up a position they are unable to maintain on the nominal salaries that many of them receive never seems to enter their heads, the result being the greater number have been unable to save anything during the time they have been in India.

In Australia we have no squalid poor and no paupers, nor have we any State Almshouse nor the necessity for any. If assistance is required it is dispensed by private organisations.

As an Anglo-Indian, who has made many journeys to Australia, the writer has always been struck with the bright healthy appearance of the working classes and he knows of no country where the labouring and middle classes live so well or as a body earn better wages. India is only just emerging from the middle ages in comparison to the mode of living in Australia.

Of course there is a percentage of nearly every batch of immigrants that never do any good for themselves, this class of man is of no practical use to any country, he won't work knowing very well he has got some fond but foolish relative who will send him remittances. this is only paying a premium to keep him in idleness.

It is often stated that it is impossible to make a start on the land without a considerable amount of capital and much misplaced sympathy is lavished on the young men who have the courage to depart from the confined traditional apathetic ideas and seeks a wider field for his energy and enterprize. The resolute, venturesome young man Australia has always got a welcome for, it is to these adventurous spirits she owes her proud position of to-day.

The spread of education on Western lines amongst the natives in India is rapidly making itself felt, and the number of positions that were previously filled by Europeans are getting less and less every year.

At each successive visit to India the writer has always marvelled at the apathy displayed by the present generation in the matter of progression. They have hitherto contented themselves with eking out a bare existence under the most adverse conditions. This is fully demonstrated in the matter of sanitation, the food supply, and the filthy state of some of the streets, tramcars, and garries. The writer knows of no other country where they are so indifferent to cleanliness. The cooking arrangements in India are too awful for words, is it any wonder that sickness is rife when food is prepared under such horrible conditions. The average kitchen is a pestilent outhouse without windows, and the dress of the cook is usually as dirty as his surroundings. In Australia not only are the streets kept beautifully clean, but the back yards and sanitary arrangements of every house is under the supervision of a staff of inspectors.

As a touring ground for Anglo-Indians the diversity of scenery Australia has to offer forms a pleasing contrast to the beaten tracks of Europe and the exhilarating climatic conditions do more to rejuvenate the jaded Anglo-Indian than is possible on the Home route where one has to face the heat of the Red Sea and the uncertainty of the climate when the destination is reached. Most Europeans have some relative in the Colonies that they have probably not seen for years, and if not the free hospitable Australian people always extend a hearty welcome to strangers, and do not permit them to feel they are strangers in a strange land.

On arrival in Australia Immigrants are met by members of the League, and accommodation is found for them in the cities until they are sent up-country to take up their positions on the sheep stations fruit or dairy farms. The main object of finding employment for the "new chum" is to acquire practical experience in the conditions of Australian farming with the ultimate idea of taking up land, with Government assistance to develope, on their own account. In every case where men with money have recently gone out with the intention of buying land, the writer has pursuaded them to take employment first before risking their capital in an undertaking they know practically nothing about, this is only courting failure, and running the risk of falling into the hands of unprincipalled "land sharks."

Free passages are granted by the British Government to Naval and Military men on their final, discharge at the expiration of their term of service with the Colours or on the Reserve. Men who have taken their discharge in India have forfeited their right to a free passage either Home or to Australia unless they are paupers and are a charge on the country. In the case of Reservists there Reserve pay is transferred to Australia for payment to them after arrival. Men who have not completed their term on the Reserve may obtain permission to reside in Australia from the War Office on the recommendation of the Commanding Officer, providing they are prepared to defray the cost of their own passages to the port of destination. All civil immigrants are required to pay for their own passages, but will receive a rebate from the States Governments in the shape of a grant amounting to £6 per adult and £3 per child, payable after their occupation has been taken up in Australia. Every immigrant who is not a "bona fide" European must obtain a passport to Australia from the Chief Commissioner of Police where he resides and all are liable to service in some branch of the Commonwealth Defence Force. Any further information may be obtained from Captain Holden, at the Bureau, 2 Weston Street, Calcutta.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Interrupted.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 23rd November 1909.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey ..	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Teheran ..	23	11	a.m.	2	31
Suez	23	1	30 p.m.	1	28

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala without additional charge (10-7-09).

Chinese Administration notifies that Traffic is subject to delay owing to bad working of their lines caused by heavy rainfall and floods (24-7-09).

Communication with Persian offices "Abvaz" and "Mohommareh" interrupted. Telegrams being posted from "Borazjoon" (11-11-09.)

Cables Puerto Plata Martinique interrupted (15-11-09).

Bhamo route to China right (23-11-09).

Teheran route interrupted between Emden and Lowestoft (23-11-09).

The s.s. "Cleveland" is expected at the mouth of the Hooghly about the 26th instant.

Radio telegrams will be exchanged via Calcutta with the above named steamer at eight annas per word with a minimum of ten words (i.e.) Rs. 5 per telegram.

IN LIGHTER VEIN.

DIFFICULT ADVICE.

"How much better off a man would be," said the young woman, "if he would only take his wife's advice!"

"Quite true, my dear," said her friend. "I've advised my George time and time again not to bet on horses that don't win, but he will do it."

A HIGHER COURT.

"Wasn't that young Mr. Tiff who left the house as I came in?" asked the judge of his eldest daughter.

"Yes papa."

"Did I not issue an injunction against his coming here any more?"

"Yes, papa; but he appealed to a higher court, and mamma reversed your decision."

HIS GUARANTEES.

A gentleman was travelling on a train when the train suddenly pulled up at a station.

Pushing his head out of the compartment he shouted to the guard, "Shall I have time to get a drink?"

"Yes, sir."

"Can you give me a guarantee that the train will not start?"

"Yes. I'll take one with you!"

COMFORTING.

It is claimed by the many admirers of a rising author that his tongue is as ready and clever as his pen.

During a conversation with a lady of uncertain age, she said, with a mock sigh:—

"But you are young, while I can already count my grey hairs."

"But, dear lady," and the young man let his well-known genial smile play over his features, "surely you know that as long as grey hairs can be counted they do not count!"

AN UNDOUBTED PRIVILEGE.

As an express train was going through a station one of the passengers leaned too far out of the window, overbalanced, and fell out. He fortunately, landed on a sand heap, so that he did himself no great injury, but, with torn clothes and not a few bruises said to a porter who was standing by:—

"What shall I do?"

"You're all right, mister," said the porter. "Your ticket allows you to break your journey."

THE WINNER.

The manager of the Steakanam Restaurant recently received numerous complaints concerning the negligence of the waiters, who, it was alleged, talked incessantly about horse-racing.

Anxious to find if the accusation had any foundation in fact he was all eyes and ears to find a culprit, and ultimately he succeeded.

A diner had just given his order, and the waiter yelled down the hoist, "Calf's head one!" Then a voice from the depths filtered to the manager's ears, "Good heavens," it said, "what's run second and third?"

VALUE FOR MONEY.

An Irishman, who had crossed to the land of the Rose, intent on making his fortune, had just got a garden to dig, his first job. The owner took a walk round some time later and found Pat seated on a tree stump smoking, while another man was digging.

"Hello, Pat," said the owner "I thought I engoged you for this job."

"Shure, sorr, I sub-contracted the job," said Pat.

"Oh, and how much are you paying your man?"

"Half-a-crown, sorr."

"But I'm only giving you two shillings."

"Yes; and isn't it worth a sixpence to be a boss for one day?"

WORST OF ALL.

"You say your husband throws things at you?" asked the lawyer, addressing the injured wife.

"Frequently," replied the lady.

"Plates?" queried the counsellor.

"Oh, no, nothing like that," said the woman.

"Books or pieces of bric-a-brac?" persisted the lawyer.

"He's too economical for that," snifted the lady.

"You surely don't mean that he throws flatirons at you?" demanded the lawyer.

"No, indeed," sobbed the client.

"Then what?" demand the lawyer, pressing her for an answer.

"Oh, he's always throwing the pies his mother used to make in my face," said the lady.

THOSE DEADLY POWDERS.

One of the small sons of the Prince of Wales was taken on board a battleship not long ago. It was his first visit to a big ship and he was deeply impressed and interested, and asked as many question as the average boy. Finally he asked what was behind a curtain closed door. "That's where we keep the powder." "Do you have to take powders, too?" said the little Prince sympathetically,

THE NEW SPELLING.

"Hobson," said Muggins, "they tell me you've taken your boy away from the school. What's that for?"

"Cause," said Hobson, "the master ain't fit to teach 'im."

"Oh," said Muggins, "I've heard he's a good master."

"Well," replied Hobson apologetically, "all I know is he wanted to teach my boy to spell 'taters' with a 'p.'"

IN AN AUCTION MART.

The following amusing dialogue took place a short time back at an auction mart. The auctioneer was just exhibiting for sale a hand-painted tea service when he asked the bidders if any of them could paint a set like it.

"Paint a set like that?" exclaimed one. "I should think as how I could. I can paint rabbits on bald heads!"

"Paint rabbits on bald heads?" replied the auctioneer.

"Yes, an' paint 'em so plain that you wouldn't know 'em from hares!"

SOON CATCH UP.

"Loike a lift, sir?" said the civil old countryman to the pedestrian.

"Thanks, I should," was the reply; and the pedestrian clambered into the cart.

Conversation was general for part of the time; but at last the countryman pulled from his pocket a watch, which had evidently been constructed so that it might on occasion form a clock-weight.

"Can 'ee tell me the toime, sir?" he asked.

"Certainly. It is exactly 3 o'clock."

The old fellow took out a keg and set the hands at twelve.

"I said three—not twelve," said his companion, thinking he had been misunderstood.

"That be all right," laughed the old fellow, "She'll soon make up that little bit, sir. Her be a wunnerful goer!"

CALLER HERRIN'.

A couple of sailors just returned from a long voyage strolled into the parlor of a public house. Above the rumble of the traffic in the street could be heard a harsh and unmusical voice.

After listening for a moment, one of the sailors turned to his companion and said, "Eh, Jack, lad, it's a long time since we heard that song."

"What song?"

"The one that fellow's singing in the street, 'The light of other days.'"

"Stow it!" ejaculated the other gruffly; "that fellow ain't singing 'The light of other days' at all. I've been listening to him; he's piping 'The banks of Allan Water.'"

Each sailor was certain that he was right, and, with characteristic contempt for money, a wager was made—a month's pay depended upon the result.

"Here, Tommy," called out one of the men to the little son of the landlord, "run out and get to know what that fellow is singing."

Tommy departed on his errand, which did not take many minutes.

"Well," demanded Jack, "which of us is right?"

"Naythur" replied Tommy, grinning; "the fellow is not singing at all—he's hawking herrings!"

TOO SIMPLE FOR SCIENCE.

Among the out-patients at an ophthalmic hospital one was an old man. He was turned over to one of the younger specialist, who began to test in the usual manner. "Can you read that?" he asked, as he pointed to the card placed on the wall.

"No, sir," replied the old man. The doctor then put on stronger glasses.

"Well," he enquired, "can you read it now?"

The old fellow shook his head, saying, "No; not a word."

After repeating this performance several times the doctor was about to turn him over in despair to his more experienced superior, which the old man quietly explained, "You see, doctor, I never learned to read."

THE LADIES' CORNER.

DRESS HINTS.

Clean ribbons and light kid gloves with benzine. Steel dress ornaments should always be kept in powdered starch to prevent their rusting. Always hang the clothes you have been wearing in the air for a few minutes before putting them away. Clean white slippers with a piece of flannel dipped in benzine and if they are too much worn to clean nicely they can be painted over with liquid gold or bronze. A good well-tried method of cleaning black silk is to sponge it on the wrong side with alcohol and warm water, and iron it on the same side with an iron warm enough to dry the material slowly. A good plan, if one has no hatpins to match a particular hat is to cover a common black one with a flower used from the trimming, or if fur or velvet is used a small ball of either can be sewn over the head of the pin. This makes a novel hatpin. Clean white ostrich feathers in warm soapsuds and rinse in water a little blued. If the washing is done at home always hang the clothes on the line the wrong side out. Clean fancy work or dress embroideries with spirits of wine applied with a camel's hair brush. Never put on new gloves while the hands are wet or damp. If troubled with damp hands it is well to powder them before trying on the gloves. When darning stockings, it is helpful to have a china egg to place in the heels and sole and there will be a better darn, which will not be so liable to hurt or blister the foot.

HOW DISCONTENT IS SOWN.

Discontent in children is in many cases the result of example. The mother frets because her neighbour has better clothes or better furniture than she has or because someone else can afford to take cabs, while she must go by bus or tram; and remarks uttered, perhaps heedlessly have their effect upon the children. They too, begin to notice what their playmates have that they have not, and the seed of discontent is planted. But if the mother is of a happy, contented disposition, making the best of matters as she finds them, she may be ever striving to make conditions better, and impress her children that whatsoever is done should be done in the spirit of cheerfulness: that time spent in vain longings for the possessions of others is time worse than wasted and that such wishing brings only discontent.

THE BOTTOM DRAWER.

There are very few girls who do not understand the interesting significance of this term, but to those who perhaps do not quite know what it means I may briefly explain that it is a box or a drawer in which all sorts of dainty and useful articles are allowed to accumulate for the future home. Nearly every girl of marriageable age entertains the joyful anticipation of having a home of her own shared by him, and each useful article of household linen or pretty and daintily worked length of knitted or crochet lace is carefully folded away in the recesses of the bottom drawer. Many little things can be made in odd spare moments. Lace edging for teacloths and bed-spreads, d'oyleys, cushion covers, toilet covers and numerous other small articles all help to fill the drawer. Later on, the more useful things must be commenced. A good supply of under-clothing is necessary, and the manufacture of such garments forms interesting employment in the long winter evenings. Trimming for this work may be done during summer holidays, out of doors, when heavy prosaic sewing is out of the question. Knitted underwear must not be forgotten, and it is impossible to possess too many pairs of stockings, for summer and for winter wear. When a good supply of personal linen is completed, then comes house and table-linen. It is much cheaper to buy sheeting and towelling, etc., by the yard, or by the piece, and make up sheets and towels at home. By doing so a better quality can be afforded.

BRITISH ESPERANTO CONGRESS, 1910.

The President in Cheltenham.

Dr. Pollen, president of the British Esperanto Association, was in Cheltenham, when the mail left, having travelled from town for the purpose of seeing how the land lies in connection with the British Esperanto Congress which it is proposed to hold in the Garden Town next June. The invitation of the Cheltenham Esperanto Society has been conditionally accepted, and a final decision will be arrived at in the course of a few days. From what an "Echo" representative could gather in a conversation with Dr. Pollen on Sunday, there seems little doubt now that the congress will be held here. "Sendube," said the doctor, lapsing into the "kara lingvo," "La Brita Kongreso okazos in Cheltenham," which, being interpreted, meaneth that undoubtedly the British Congress will be held at Cheltenham.

Dr. Pollen is an admirable type of the travelled man of the world, who still retains his youthful enthusiasm for an ideal and a youthful buoyancy of spirit. Being an Anglo-Indian, he has many friends in Cheltenham. Thirty-two years of his life were spent in India, where he was a member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay Commissioner of salt, opium, and akbari, and reporter-general on external commerce. He is an accomplished linguist, and he is now devoting much of his remarkable energy to the cause of Esperanto.

"The first point on which I wish to insist most emphatically," he said in answer to our representative, "is that Esperanto will in no way interfere with the progress of English. If anything it will help on that progress and enable Englishmen to understand and appreciate their own language more thoroughly than ever before. It will facilitate the learning by Englishmen of foreign tongues; and conversely, the acquisition of English by foreigners. Esperanto is not a Jacob. It takes no language's birthright. It does not seek to usurp the functions of any national language. On the contrary, it helps all and hurts none. Of course it may be that in the end English will supersede all other tongues, but that time has not yet arrived, and the need of the present and immediate future is a simple language that all peoples can learn and speak equally, easily and well. That need is met by Esperanto. Esperanto is not a rival and it has no rivel. It would be impossible to evolve a language more fitted for the purposes of an international language."

"Yes all peoples do pronounce Esperanto in the same way. Tones of voices differ in individuals, but there is no such thing as national accent in pronouncing Esperanto. That has been proved over and over again at the various international Esperanto congresses held at Boulogne, Paris, Cambridge, Geneva, and Barcelona, to say nothing of the national congresses. It has been objected that Esperanto will in course of time break up into dialects, but the master mind of Zamanhof foresaw that possible danger and guarded against it, and it will be the chief care of the Lingvo Komitato and its Academy to guide and control the language on the lines adopted by the French Academy to preserve the purity of the French language. Aiding Dr. Zamenhof in his plan is what may be described as the modern trend of languages, due to increased facilities for intercommunication. That trend is towards welding dialects into one common whole, and it is becoming more marked every day in England itself. People living in the remotest parts of England are becoming to speak more and more like the people in the central educated communities."

Dr. Pollen proceeded to speak of the remarkable progress which Esperanto is making in all parts of the world, and mentioned that the great inventor of the language had recently been honoured by the French and German Governments and the King of Spain. "Dr. Zamenhof's efforts on behalf of peace and brotherhood," he went on, "Well entitle him to the Nobel prize and it is hoped that before long the British Government will recognise his eminent services in the cause of civilisation."

"We hoped to hold our national congress next year in Cheltenham, the fame of which as a leading educational centre is well known to Esperantists on the Continent; and I am certain that the congress will be cordially welcomed by all those who are concerned in the educational advancement of the town. Great credit is due to the local Esperantists, who have succeeded in founding a vigorous society in spite of many difficulties. Indeed, one of the most remarkable things about Esperanto is the way in which it succeeds on its own merits without the help of millionaires or the mighty ones of the land."

THEIR SCALPS IN A DREADFUL STATE

Four Children Suffered a Year with Terrible Ringworm — Hair All Came Out in Patches Leaving Scalp Dry and Scaly — Grew Worse Under Various Treatments.

ALL CURED BY TWO SETS OF CUTICURA

"About eighteen months ago my four children had ringworms on the body and head. They were under the doctor's care over three months without any satisfactory result; in fact they got worse. Then we tried several other so-called remedies without effect. All the hair came off in patches and left the scalp dry and scaly. They were in a dreadful state. At last a friend persuaded me to try the Cuticura Remedies. I used the complete treatment, Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent. I had two lots of each and before I finished the second lot they were completely cured. Now they have beautiful heads of hair, soft and glossy. I still continue to use the Cuticura Soap, which I find much superior to all other soaps for the head and skin. My children had been suffering nearly twelve months before I tried the Cuticura Remedies and I shall always recommend them to others. Edward S. Walker, 67, Oxford St., Loughboro, Leicester, Eng., Dec. 6, 1908."

For Faded Fretted Women

In the 32-page pamphlet wrapped about Cuticura Ointment are to be found most valuable suggestions for women, especially mothers, for removing torturing, disfiguring humours, rashes and inflammations; for sanative, antiseptic cleansing of ulcerated, inflamed mucous surfaces and destruction of microscopic life, and for bringing about by suggestion and medication a normal condition of health, strength and beauty.

BY THE WAY.

THE TWO HEADS OF ETON.

Dr. Hornby, the late Provost of Eton, held an anomalous office of undefined authority and greater dignity which placed him above the Headmaster. Formerly the Provost was an autocrat, and Dr. Goodall, an inflexible Tory, who held the Provostship all through Keate's reign of terror, would not even allow the schools text-books to be revised. Reforms became possible only when Dr. Hawtrey was enabled to make sweeping changes with the sympathy and co-operation of Provost Hodgson. Under the new statutes of Eton the Provostship was retained in deference to ancient tradition, and the Provost is 'ex officio' chairman of the Governing Body. Hitherto the dual authority has worked harmoniously, but the singular arrangement—unknown at any other public school—contains obvious possibilities of future complications.

"THAT'S YOUR MAN AHEARN."

New Yorkers will especially rejoice in the election of anti-Tammany men as Presidents of the five boroughs that compose the "greater city," because these officers are responsible for the street-paving, a duty which has often been shamefully neglected. A story is told of Mr. McClellan, the outgoing Mayor, in this connexion. The Manhattan Borough President elected in 1905 was Mr. Ahearn, a Tammany henchman who was put upon the "ticket" by the "boss," Mr. Murphy. The other day, at a time when the streets were in a scandalous state, the Mayor and Mr. Murphy were riding down to the City Hall together. At each bump of the cab Mr. McClellan angrily exclaimed to his companion "That's your man Ahearn."

LORDS AND COMMONS.

The Memoirs of Sir Wilfrid Lawson, which have just been published, contain a reminiscence which has an interesting bearing on the present political situation at Home. The last set speech (says Sir Wilfrid) which Sir James Graham ever delivered in the House was in support of the Paper Duty Repeal and in the course of it he said: "If the Opposition like to go to the country on the cry of 'Up with the Lords and down with the Commons!' I, for one, shall have no doubt as to the result." And the Paper Duty Repeal, it will be remembered, was the last occasion on which the Upper House attempted to interfere with the finance of the year.

PRE-RAPHAELITE PICTURES AT OXFORD.

Two highly interesting additions have just been made to the pre-Raphaelite pictures in the Ashmolean at Oxford. The more important of them is Ford Madox Brown's "The Pretty Baa-Lambs." It is a picture with a history, for it is a reduced duplicate of the painting bearing the same name which Madox Brown exhibited at the Royal Academy in 1852. The second pre-Raphaelite picture just acquired is a fine landscape, "Ben Ray, Ross-shire," the work of J. W. Inchbold, an artist who failed to win the fame which his genius should have commanded. The new pictures hang in the Combe Room, which contains examples of Rossetti, Millais, Arthur Hughes, C. A. Collins, and, above all, splendid early examples of Holman Hunt.

THE SIX-SHILLING NOVEL.

The "Author" does not think that it will appear to anyone scanning the list of autumn novels—a very long list—that there is much likelihood of the 6s. novel dying. Out of every 100 new copyright novels which have been recently published, 80 per cent., and, perhaps, more, are produced at the price of 6s. Indeed, the "Publishers' Circular" states that one book, which was originally published in England at the price of 6d., is now going to be issued at 6s. The "Author" wonders how this experiment, which reverses the popular cry that an author's work is the public's property, will be accepted by the public.

THE BIRDS OF THE WORLD.

The first and final volume of the hand list of the birds of the world, on which Dr. Bowdler Sharpe, the head of the Bird Department of the British Museum, has been engaged during the past ten years, has just been completed. He has taken the opportunity presented by the work, the London correspondent of the "Scotsman" states, to make a computation of the number of species of birds, fossil and recent, now known to science, the total being estimated at about 18,940 species, distributed under 2,810 genera. The number of species of birds known in the year 1871, when the last computation was made by the late Dr. George Robert Gray, was 11,162 species, from which it will be seen that a vast increase in the number of described species has taken place during the past thirty-eight years.

CONCERNING DUKES.

We have been hearing a good deal about dukes of late. A writer in the "Strand Magazine" has gathered some facts and figures concerning these men, their estates, and their incomes. The title of "Duke"—i.e., leader—first came into use when the Emperor Constantine separated the civil and the military commands in the Roman provinces, and the military governor became either a count or a duke. But in England the title was not known until the Black Prince was created Duke of Cornwall in 1335, and so became the first English duke. For a long time the title was restricted to Royalty. The Dukes now own over four million acres of land the average for each of twenty-seven mentioned being about 150,000 acres. The Duke of Norfolk derives his chief income from his London and Sheffield estates, and it is not far short of £80,000 per annum. The Duke of Somerset owns 25,327 acres, and his annual income is over £37,000. The Duke of Grafton is the possessor of 25,773 acres, valued at £39,254 a year.

THE DUKE OF BEDFORD AND OTHERS.

The Duke of Bedford, the owner of the Bedford estate in Bloomsbury, enjoys an income of £142,000 per annum. The Duke of Devonshire owns 198,572 acres, with a rent-roll of £180,750. The Duke of Hamilton has 187,386 acres, with an income of £73,636 from land, and £47,006 from mines and quarries. The Duke of Buccleuch owns 460,109 acres, and has an income of £221,000 a year from his land. The income of the Duke of Portland, it is estimated, cannot be far from half-a-million a year. The Duke of Sutherland is the largest landowner in the Kingdom, and the Duke of Westminster has an income at present of nearly £200,000 a year, which is likely to be increased in the future.

SIR WALTER BESANT AND HAINAULT FOREST.

Hainault Forest, where the London County Council golf links are, in the opening scene for Sir Walter Besant's story "All in a Garden Fair," and formed a playground for the "three boys and a girl." It was "not a great forest, but a real wild forest, with endless mysteries to explore; with underwood of hawthorn, honeysuckle, and wild rose; it was a school in which the boys learned those things that cannot be written down." It was, moreover, "so deserted, so forgotten, that Robinson Crusoe might live there, and seldom regret his island." The railway has now crept to Grange Hill, four miles nearer than when Sir Walter wrote, but this charming fragment of primeval forest is still unspoiled.

RUBBER CULTIVATION IN THE MALAY PENINSULA.

The Director of Agriculture of the Federated Malay States claims that Malaya possesses the finest climate in the world for the rapid and healthy growth of Para rubber, and supports his claim by a statement of the results already obtained from its cultivation. Eight years ago the value of rubber exports from the Peninsula was £1,700; their value in 1903 was more than £700,000, the output for the year having been 1,589 tons. In 1907 it was 1,017 tons. Rengaly, a quarter-million acres are now under rubber and as millions of acres suitable for its cultivation are still available, he is perhaps not too sanguine when he writes of the probability of the country becoming in time one of the largest producers of rubber in the world.

FLORILINE:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Dept. 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

It is chiefly from abroad that in these days signs come that there are people in whose hearts Byron has still a warm place, and it is interesting to note that the inhabitants of Athens are to commemorate the centenary of the poet's first treading Greek soil. On November 21, 1809, Byron reached Missolonghi. He was wearing the laurels and myrtles of sweet one-and-twenty then and Moore, on noting the fact that it was in that town that fifteen years later, "in the meridian of his fame," he was to die, enters upon one of those passages which our fathers regarded as purple patches in the great "Life." He asks whether Byron, had he known all the suffering that his genius was to bring him, would not have preferred to range with humble livers in content. It reminds us to what an extent the pageant of the bleeding heart touched his generation, and how many must have been inclined to repeat the words of the "gentlewoman" on hearing the terrible sigh of Lady Macbeth—"I would not have such a heart within my bosom for the dignity of the whole body." It was on Christmas day that he saw the plain of Athens from Phyle and entered the city itself, and all his reflections seem to have run to one refrain—how the scenery of a country may remain imperishably lovely although all that made it great has utterly passed away. "Art, Glory, Freedom fail, but Nature still is fair." This first visit was of importance to Byron's later poetic career, and during his stay of ten weeks in the capital he wrote "Maid of Athens," while the second canto of "Childe Harold" was rapidly growing under his hand.

A CHAMPION OF GREECE.

It is not the poet, however, whom the Athenians are chiefly to honour. It is the champion of freedom who reached out a friendly hand in Greece's darkest hour. It is interesting to note that Byron did so without entertaining ideal views of the national character. Later on he agreed with St. Paul that there was no distinction between Jew and Greek, "the character of both being equally vile." Even at the outset he recognised the evil result of long years of servitude. Still he differed heartily from those who, after long residence in Greece, had concluded that the inhabitants were hopelessly degenerate. There are people that require to be free in order to become worthy of freedom, and Colonel Napier's testimony to the justice of Byron's estimate will always be interesting, "All came," says Napier, "expecting to find the Peloponnesus filled with Plutarch's men, and all returned thinking the inhabitants of Newgate more moral. Lord Byron judge them fairly; he knew that half-civilised men are full of vices, and that great allowance must be made for emancipated slaves. He therefore proceeded, bridle in hand, not thinking them good, but hoping to make them better.

THE AUTHOR'S SENSITIVENESS.

Moralists have often contrasted the comparative phlegm shown by public men when their characters have been aspersed and the extreme sensitiveness of men of letters when similarly situated. Every age furnishes instances, and one may compare the philosophic demeanour of any man in public life one may think of who has been denounced and Mr. Hall Caine's anxiety to clear his character in the eyes of the public. Mr. Caine complains of criticisms of his "White Prophet" which he interprets as charging him with "defaming his country, inflaming sedition, outraging the sanctities of religion, and pandering to the appetite for indecency," and has shown great activity in self-defence. First, at the invitation of the Jewish Literary Society of Liverpool, he delivered a lecture, "Why I wrote the 'White Prophet,'" in which, with much else, he set forth his motive in composing that work. Then he wrote a letter to the editor of the "Publishers' Circular" submitting that he had a right to defend himself, and enclosing a copy of the lecture for the editor to use as he thought fit. The editor, however, found it too long to use. Then followed another letter (both are printed in last Saturday's issue) indicating that he had had to print his lecture, but that as he was unwilling to make money by it booksellers might have such copies as they chose, in a "neat volume of 64 pages and paper covers,' on applying at such-and-such an address. Further, through his American publishers, he issued a "rejoinder to his critics," which seems to be a summary of his lecture, in which he again defends himself, and ends with the assurance that "to have touched thousands of hearts is enough reward" for him. All this, he declares, he has not done by way of advertisement ("it does not matter a straw to me whether another copy of the 'White Prophet' is ever sold"). Nevertheless the probable consequence of so much activity is stimulated sales, and those must be an interesting by-product if, as Mr. Shorter has been saying, the book is "hanging fire," for the prosperity of one book has often a good deal to do with the terms an author is able to make with his publisher for his next.

MEREDITH'S GARDENER.

The friendship that seems to have subsisted between Meredith and his gardener, Mr. Frank Cole, is of a sort that is very apt to spring up between an exceedingly rich but somewhat lonely mind and one of lowlier rank. The first reason of it is some charm of character on the part of the latter, and everyone knows what charm often accompanies the combination of character and intelligence of those who become, say, gaffers in their gang, foremen in their mill, or sergeant in their company. The attraction is often felt most by minds that appreciate a complex psychological situation. In their case the relation is rendered piquant by the circumstance that the equality induced by mutual esteem is checked by the artificial inequality of condition. The relation is still that of a superior to an inferior, and allows the former, among other things, the luxury of making an absolute gift—one that renders impossible a reciprocal gift on the part of the recipient. In this case Meredith's gift was that of the manuscripts of three of his novels—"Diana of the Crossways," "Harry Richmond," and, barring the first eight chapters, "The Amazing Marriage." Britain is now the poorer by the loss of those manuscripts to Mr. Pierpont Morgan, and Mr. Cole is the better by £800. The loss, however, is not vital. The manuscripts will not be necessary to future editors for the purpose of collation. In the case of posthumous works they often are, and it is known that there was no trustworthy edition of the "Pensees" or of the "Sermons" until, in the course of last century, they were reprinted from the original writings of Pascal and Bossuet. Nor will they be necessary to the student of style. The printer's manuscript is generally a fair copy, and it is the rough draft in which the successive erasures and interlineations exhibit the series of processes which ended in a beautiful thought breaking the chrysalis—that is instructive to the stylist. Nevertheless such manuscripts are not mere curios. In them one gets closer to the writer's mind than in the printed page in the latter one sees what the author meant, in the former we see what he was thinking, and as one reads the "living spirit" sometimes "flashes" along the lines.

A LAMB MEMORIAL.

It is to be hoped that the plea which has just been put forward by Mr. E. V. Lucas for the placing in the Temple Gardens of a memorial to Charles Lamb may find a sympathetic response with the countless admirers of Elia. Strange is it that long ere now such a memorial, or, at any rate, something to connect Lamb with the Temple, should not have been seen to. The quaint courts of the Temple precincts are full of literary associations; but there is little outward indication of the fact save in the case of Goldsmith, whose so-called grave is marked by a simple slab, and whose chambers are marked by a mural tablet. There is, indeed, a Lamb Building but the name is not derived from him whose birthplace in Crown Office-row is only a few yards distant.

A DIAMOND JUBILEE.

"Notes and Queries"—its first number, of sixteen small quarto pages, bears date November 3, 1849—has recently attained the diamond jubilee of publication. Among its projectors were included, besides W. J. Thoms, its first editor, J. W. Croker and Monckton Milnes. The singularly appropriate motto of the little journal "When found make a note of," was the suggestion of a lady; in its early issues the names of John Payne Collier and Peter Cunningham are prominent as contributors—some notes from the pen of the former on the old and vexed question of Shakespeare and deer-stealing appearing in the first number; and George Ball was the original publisher. Thoms edited "Notes and Queries" for almost a quarter of century, successive editors being Dr. Doran, H. F. Tarle, Joseph Knight, and Mr. Vernon H. Randall, editor of the "Athenæum," who, with the efficient assistance of Mr. John Randall, has conducted the welcome weekly since 1907.

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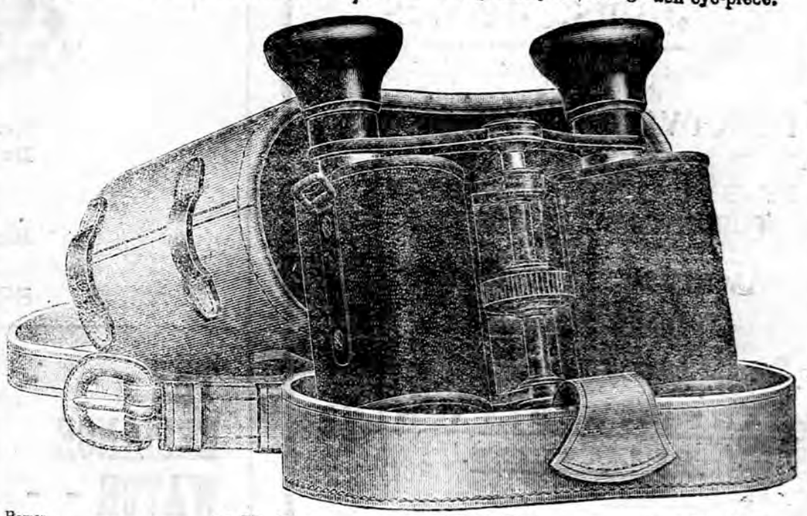
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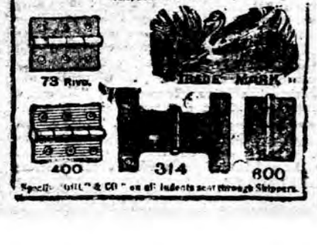

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